THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, THURSDAY, JUNE 30, 1870. [VOLUME III---NUMBER 9

Evening Edition.

Atlanta, Georgia, June 29, 1870.

☞ For interesting matter, see fourth page.

☞ The consolidationists are very anxious to know who will be the standard-bearer of the Democratic party in 1872. They wish to evade the discussion of great principles, and reduce the contest to one between aspiring men. The people will have a care, when the time comes, to put a winning candidate in the field.

☞ The effort being made to inaugurate a third party in the interest of some individual, (as Grant, for instance,) is simply ridiculous.

There are now but two parties in the country, viz: the faction which favors a consolidated government, that is next of kin to monarchy, and the party of the people, of every name and race, who are determined to hurl from power those who ignore the fundamental principles of Americ[an liberty].

Transplanting Cedars.

Few ornamental trees excel the common cedar, in elegance and beauty, if properly trimmed. The failures experienced in transplanting it, perhaps deter many from cultivating it. The following simple directions we know to be reliable:

In transplanting a cedar, never let the rootlets become wilted and shriveled from want of moisture. Upon the first dirt thrown into the hole made for the reception of the roots, pour in water enough to make it of about the consistence of mortar. Press this well in among the roots until you are satisfied that all the rootlets are in contact with it. Then fill up the hole, packing the dirt very hard. Instead of leaving a mound around the trunk of the tree, it is better to leave a depression in which water will collect. Every day the tree should be noticed, and if it appears to have been loosened by the wind, pack down the earth around it again. Cedar delights in moisture about its roots. When transplanted it is best to water it frequently and abundantly.

In trimming cedar trees, it is well to bear in mind that, having once taken root, they are very tenacious of life. Their tops may be freely trimmed at any season of the year without injury. Having determined what shape you desire to give a tree, with the knife and saw, go to work without stint. A few leaves only left upon the tree will insure its continued vitality. After having shaped a tree to suit a given design, future trimming can be rapidly and effectually done with a large sharp knife or sword, used as a scythe. The young shoots thereby mar the symmetry of the tree across easily disposed of. To keep a cedarsdge in good order, or to preserve the dead shape of an isolated tree, a few mites once every monthor two will suc[ce].

The Conspirators.

he last five years have become memoble for the practical ignoring of political nciples by a powerful faction. Operak on the fears of the Northern people as the recurrence of rebellion against the ederal Government, they have been perbitted to wield the sword and bayonet over he peacefully-inclined and defenseless inabitants of the Southern States.

This exercise of military power, (unprecedented in the history of the United States,) in times of peace, has aroused, on the part of those wielding it, a desire to perpetuate and prolong their rule.

It is no marvel, therefore, that they are busy in inventing new doctrines in politics and resurrecting "defunct" ones, with which they hope to reconcile the people to the loss of liberty.

Expediency, the changed condition of the country and progressive civilization, are ingeniously plead in defense of their disregard of those eternal principles, by the observance of which alone the liberties of the American people can be preserved.

Having reveled in absolute sway over the Southern States, they seek to educate the masses of the Northern people in political principles, which, if put into practical operation, will consolidate the States and vest all legislative power in a central government. This accomplished, a few corrupt men, by a *coup d'etat*, can easily convert the government into a monarchy.

The prolongation of the discussion of the various questions growing out of reconstruction, is designedly encouraged by the conspirators against the liberties of the people. These conspirators fear the condemnation that certainly awaits them, if a fair expression of popular sentiment at the ballot-box is permitted. Whenever opportunity presents they hold on to power and place, and frame various excuses in justification of their usurpations.

They flatter themselves that, by diverting the attention of the people from real dangers, that their scheme of consolidation may be quietly consummated. By prolonging their rule, they hope to so inure the people to restrictions upon their rights, liberties and franchises, that they will be easily reconciled to a total deprivation of them.

Georgia News.

Rome is to have a railroad barbecue on July 23d.

Rome was red-hot on last Sunday and without ice.

The Radicals are holding secret political meetings in Savannah.

The Good Templars, of Forsyth, have a supper on the 13th of July.

Ames' circus took away several thousand dollars from Rome. It always aims to do that thing.

The watermelon crop in the neighborhood of Columbus is promising. One vine grew 3 feet 6 inches in 5 days.

Daniel Pratt, one of Savannah's merchants, died on the 27th instant, in the 72d year of his age.

Mr. Hansen, a German, committed suicide in Savannah, on the 27th, by taking laudanum.

Colonel H.H. Jones, editor of the Cuthbert Appeal, is at Indian Springs to recuperate his health.

George D. Chapman has arrived in Augusta and quieted the squabble among the employees of the Port Royal Railroad.

Messrs. Bangs & Walker, of New York, offer to enlarge the Augusta Canal, making it 120 feet wide and 11 feet deep, for $507,128 28.

The Masonic picnic at Barnesville was a brilliant success. The address of Colonel Tom. Hardeman was, as usual with him, chaste, eloquent and appropriate.

The Liquor Dealers' Association, of Savannah, had a picnic excursion on the 28th, and would not allow any liquor sold on the boats.

Jones Harrel, 15th amendment, shot and killed Grandy Jones, another 15th amendment, near Griffin, on Monday. Harrel is in jail.

The 15th Amendments of Macon had a meeting on Monday evening to revive the Union League. Speeches were made by Jeff Long, Rev. T. G. Steward, Rev. N. D. Sneed, and the Fitzpatrick.

At the close of the commencement exercises of the Griffin Male Institute, last week, Colonel Peeples, as the representative, the committee awarded to James F. Stapler, of Bellville, Florida, a beautiful and massive silver goblet.

Mrs. Elizabeth Cox, wife of Rev. Cary Cox, of Monroe county, died on the 21st instant. At the time of her death, Mrs. Cox was seventy-five years of age, and wanted only a few weeks of completing the fiftieth anniversary of her marriage.

Some hard-hearted villain has stolen the clothes of the local editor of the Forsyth Advertiser, leaving him nothing but a paper collar and a pair of slippers. As the weather is so hot, he can console himself with the thought that he can keep cool at least.

Daniel Foley, through the columns of the Macon Journal, banters any man in Georgia to fight, in good faith, "a rough and tumble" for from $500 to $1,000, on the 4th of July. Radicals excepted. Money to be put up before the fight. This is a *bona fide* offer and meant in good earnest.

Kot ppler, confined in Richmond county jail, has been discharged by Judge Gibson. He was sent from Jefferson county. The Ordinary of that county remitted the fine and ordered his discharge. The jailor of Richmond county refused to release the prisoner unless the jail fees were secured. Judge Gibson decided that Jefferson county was bound for the jail fees.

All is quiet in Fort Valley. The reported conflict between the whites and blacks turns out to be without foundation. The 15th amendments came to town, and getting too full of benzine, got to fighting among themselves. They were arrested and jailed—the colored councilmen and police assisting. It is reported that Colonel J. R. Griffin is drilling the negroes out at "Union Hill" for a 4th of July celebration.

At the examination of Hilliard Institute, at Forsyth last week, the prizes were awarded to Master Eddie H. Cabaniss of the first class, and Master E. P. Watts of the second class. Two awards of scholarship were made, the successful competitors being Master Daniel Cabaniss and Master James King. The prizes were delivered by Mr. Henry A. Cabaniss, in a brief but complete address on the benefits of oratory. It was an essay, in fact, terse and to the point.

A sub-committee on the proposed location of Mercer University are in Macon. It is composed of Judge J. T. Clark, of Cuthbert; Rev. C. M. Irwin, D. E. Butler, Esq., of Madison; J. E. Ryal, Esq., of Cartersville, and Mr. W. H. Starke, of Savannah. This committee will personally examine proposed localities for the University, commencing at Macon, and take into consideration the advantages offered by each one of them. They will report to a meeting of the general committee upon the subject, to be held in Atlanta next August.

City and Suburban Affairs.

Air-Line Railroad.—The Georgia Air-Line Railroad, and the Air-Line Railroad of South Carolina effected, a consolidation this morning, under the name of the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railway Company. The consolidation was unanimously ratified. The following officers of the new company were elected; President, A. S. Buford; Directors, General A. Austell, S. B. Hoyt, A. Murphy, E. P. Howell, E. M. Johnson, of Georgia; W. K. Easley, Gideon Cannon, J. P. Reed, General Harrison, of South Carolina, R. Y. McAden, of North Carolina; J. Wilcox Brown, of Baltimore. The report of the President showed twenty miles of the road completed, thirty-three miles more to Gainesville under contract, to be finished by January 1st, 1871, and from Gainesville to Charlotte, North Carolina, under contract, to be finished by May 1st, 1872.

Supreme Court of Georgia.

JUNE TERM, 1870.

Reported Expressly for The Constitution.

Order of Circuits with the number of cases from each:

Blue Ridge Circuit	4
Western circuit	3
Southern Circuit	2
Southwestern Circuit	17
Pataula Circuit	14
Chattahoochee Circuit	43
Macon Circuit	6
Flint Circuit	4
Talapoosa Circuit	6
Atlanta Circuit	7
Rome Circuit	10
Cherokee Circuit	6
Northern Circuit	8
Middle Circuit	9
Ocmulgee Circuit	9
Eastern Circuit	6
Brunswick Circuit	5

MORNING SESSION.

Atlanta, Wednesday, June 29, 1870.

Jas. S. Walker, Esq., of LaGrange, Georgia, was admitted to this bar.

No. 3, Flint Circuit, which was dismissed for want of prosecution last week, was reinstated because the absence of counsel was providential, and the case was then dismissed because prematurely brought up.

Argument was concluded in No. 2, Talapoosa Circuit.

No. 3 was dismissed because not sent up in time. It is Kimbro & Morgan vs Virginia and Tennessee Air-Line Railroad. Action for damages from Troup.

B. H. Bigham, by Thos. Whitaker, for plaintiff in error.

A. W. Hammond & Son, for defendant.

No. 4 was argued. It is Thos. J. Thornton vs. Jesse McLendon. Motion for new trial from Troup.

Speer & Speer, for plaintiff in error.

B. H. Bigham, by Thos. Whitaker, Ferrill, Hammond & Bro., for defendant.

Court adjourned till 3 o'clock, P. M.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Washington News.

Washington, June 29.—The reference of the salt and coal tariff to a committee defeats action this session.

Congressional.

In the House, the Senate bill, amendatory of the bill of 1867, protecting the rights of actual settlers, passed.

The Senate bill confirming entries to public lands in Alabama, in certain cases, passed and goes to the President.

The Senate bill establishing and protecting national cemeteries was passed, and goes to the President.

The Reconstruction Committee postponed the amnesty bill to December. The majority of the committee try to make the postponement plausible by the argument that the present session is too short.

The Senate is discussing the tariff bill.

San Francisco, June 29.—E. M. Holbrook, ex-delegate from Idaho, has been assassinated in Idaho City.

FOREIGN.

Havana, June 29.—Gonzalez Junio, an insurgent leader, who surrendered some time ago to the Spanish authorities at Villa Clara, and pardoned, was tried and convicted this week for crimes committed while a rebel, and executed this morning.

Advices from the interior report both parties killing prisoners. DeRodas' reports show an excess of butcheries on the part of the Spanish.

How to Preserve Eggs.—*Editors North Georgia Citizen:* I noticed in a recent number of your valuable paper a recipe for "canning eggs," which is good, but I think I have a better one. In our climate they will keep from year to year. I keep in a convenient place a shaft cup of lard, or grease of any kind, and in it a small rag. As soon as the eggs are brought in from the nests (in warm weather I take care to collect them at least twice a day,) I rub them all over with this greasy rag, and put them, little end down, in a keg or barrel. When a row is finished, or bottom covered, I scatter over them equal parts of bran, or meal husks, and salt. If all salt is used the eggs become congealed or cooked; if all meal, they are not cooled enough. In this way proceed, every egg wedged in the salt bran until the cask or can is full. I have used packed eggs till now (June) and find them good for cooking, thereby reserving my spring-laid eggs for setting.

Mrs. A. Bond.

Craig, Missouri.

☞ A French paper in New Orleans comes to us with this paragraph. "Charles Dickens, the great American romancer, died yesterday of apoplexy. He was the Walter Scott of America." While a Mississippi paper announces that "George Dickens, the well-known author of 'Bo' and the 'Mystery of Druidism,' is dead."

ATLANTA PRICE-CURRENT.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

Constitution Office, Atlanta, June 29, 3 o'clock, P. M.

There is a moderate demand for leading articles this morning, at unchanged prices. The excessive heat seems to have produced excessive lassitude in commercial circles.

Cotton—Market dull at 17 for middlings; 16 for low middlings; 16 for good ordinary, and 14c for ordinary. Receipts light.

Monetary—Gold buying at 1 10; selling at 1 12. Silver buying at 1 04; selling at 1 08. Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

Groceries.—Corn meal 1 45, by car load, 1 50 in small lots. Rice, 9½c, tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 15c; Tallow 12a15c. Sugars, A, 16c; Extra C, 15; Yellow, C, 12a13; Brown, 14a14½. Rio Coffee, 20a24; Java, 35a38c. Beeswax, 33a34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 50. N. O. Syrup, 75a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 42a45. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25. Starch 10. Extra State cheese, 15c; Factory, 20a21c; English dairy, 23c. Goshen butter 40a50c; Tennessee, 35a40. Apples 7 00a10 00 per bbl. Eggs, 25 per doz. by the lot.

Grain—Choice prime white corn very scarce; mixed and yellow more abundant. We quote mixed and yellow at $1 30 and prime white $1 40 in car load lots at depot. In Wheat there is but little doing, and it may be quoted nominally $1 35 for prime red; 1 30a1 40 for prime white. The demand for Oats is steady at 80a82½c per bushel, in car load lots and 85 in small quantities. Rye, 1 25 in but little demand.

Provisions—There is a light stock of bacon and prices rule stiff. Clear sides command 18½a18¾; clear rib sides 18¾; shoulders 14½a15; plain hams 18a19; canvased 19a22.

Bulk Meats—Are also in light supply; clear sides 17½a17¾; clear rib sides 16½a16¾; shoulders 13½; hams 17½a18.

Lard—Choice in barrels 18½a19; kegs and cans 20; inferior 18a19.

Flour—In moderate demand and stocks full. Superfine per bbl. 5 50a6 25; extra 6,25a7 00; family 7 50a8 00; fancy 8 00a8 25.

Factory Goods.—The supply of Factory Goods is ample and the quality the best offered in any market. Brown Shirtings, 7/8 12; B. Shirting 3-4, 9½a1-4, 14; Bleached shirting, 3/4, 7a9½; Bleached shirting, 7/8, 11½a14½; Brown drills, 14½; Bleached Drills, 15½; Stripes, 16½a18½; Checks, 18¾a19; Montour Osnaburgs, 17½a18; Troup, 19; Yarns, 1 50a1 65.

Tobacco.—Atlanta is one of the best tobacco markets in the United States, for price and quality. We quote low grades, sound medium, summer work, 65. Stock small. Low grade, winter work (won't stand May sweat) 60a62½; fine 90a1 00; choice 1 25; leaf 20.

Dry Goods.—In dry goods, Atlanta equals New York, and our wholesale dealers can duplicate New York bills, saving freight and expense of travel there and back. We call attention to the quotations: Aliens 11; Sprague, 10¾a11; Pacific 11; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 7; Amoskeag, 9 1-2. Ticking, Pittsfield, 10; Croton, 13; Albany, 12; Eastern B, 18; Amoskeag D, 23; Hamilton, 32; Conestoga 4-4, 30; Amoskeag A C A 35. Low grades of prints can be had at from 6 to 6½.

Liquor Market—Whisky, rectified, 1 25 a1 50 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a6 00; Robinson County, 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50a3 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 5 0a6 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00; French Brandy, 4 50a12 00.

Leather and Hides—White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good, 31a33; damaged, 25a30; French calf skins, 34 00a58 00 per doz; American calf skins, 25 00a45 00; Harness leather, 45a50c; upper leather, 60a80c; lining skins, (sheep), 4 50a9 00 per doz. Green hides 8a9c; dry salted, 15a16c; dry flint, 16a18c.

Hardware—Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 6a6; Pittsburgh bar, 6; nail rod, 10a12; band, 7a8; Nails, 4s to 60s, 5 75; 3s, common, 6 75; 3s, fine, 8 75. Plow steel, 11c; cast, 26a28c; German, 18a20.

Oils and Paints.—Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do., boiled, 1 35a1 40; Sperm, 2 50a3 00; Whale, 1 50a2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter, 1 75a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene 40a45c; Petro, 35; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 3 00a3 50; Coach, 5 00a5 00. White lead, per lb., 11½a15; do., pure, 16½.

Dried Fruit.—Peeled Peaches 9a11c; not peeled, 5a6c; Apples 3a4c.

Gold Fever.—Hay, 1 70a1 80, per 100 lbs. Peas, (scarce) 2 75 per bushel; wheat bran, 1 75 per 100 lbs; Oil meal 2¾c per lb.

Hogs and Live Cattle.—Live shotes, 6¼a7½, owing to size; stock fair; no demand. Live cattle on foot, choice 5a5½c; common 3½a4c gross. Stock light.

Bagging and Rope—India and Borneo bagging, 29a30c; Kentucky, 20a25. Machine made rope, 8½c; hand made, 8c.

Powder and Shot—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 3 00; buck, 3 25.

Drugs and Dyes—Bi-carb soda 7a8 per lb. Blue stone 18a20. Copperas 4a5. Epsom salts 6½a8. Madder 22a25. Opium 17 00a19 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone. 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6 00a6 50; pints, 3 50a3 75; per gal., 3 75a4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a3 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

Lime and Cement—Cherokee lime, 55c per bushel; Chewackla, 50c. Hydraulic cement, 4 00 per barrel, James River 4 50 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6 00 per barrel.

Telegraph Markets.

New York, June 29.—Flour dull and without a decided change. Wheat quiet. Corn dull. Pork quiet at 29 75. Lard dull; barrels 15¾a16. Cotton lower; sales 900 bales; middling uplands 20½; Orleans 21¾. Turpentine dull at 37½. Rosin quiet at 2 00a3 05. Freights dull.

Stocks heavy. Money 5a6. Exchange, long, 9¾; short, 10¼. Gold 11¼. Bonds 11½; Tennessee ex-coupons 63¾; new 64½; Virginia ex-coupons 70; new 69. Louisiana sixes, old, 77½; new 73. Levee sixes 77; eights 95. Alabama eights 101; fives 76. Georgia sixes 89; sevens 95. North Carolinas, old, 49½; new 27. South Carolinas, old, 92; new 51.

Liverpool, June 29, noon.—Cotton quiet; Uplands 10; Orleans 10¾; sales 10,000 bales. Red western wheat 8s. 5d.

Later—Cotton, Uplands 10¾a10; Orleans 10¾a10¾. Pork and lard quiet.

London, June 29, noon.—Consols 92¾. Bonds 90¾. Tallow dull. Sugar dull.

Paris, June 29.—Bourse opened dull at 72f. 43c.

Havre, June 29.—Cotton opened flat.

"BAD BLOOD."

"The Life is the Blood."

FROM it we derive our strength, beauty, and mental capabilities. It is the centre of our being, around which revolves all that makes existence happy. When this source is corrupted the baleful effects are visible in many shapes, prominent among which is

SCROFULA.

This is a taint or infection of the human organism, and probably no one is wholly free from it. It exibits itself in various shapes—as Ulcers and Sores, Decayed Bones, Diseased Scalp, Sore Eyes, Weak and Diseased Joints, St. Vitus' Dance, Foul Discharges from the Nostrils, Eruptions, Glandular Swellings, Throat Affections, Rheumatism, Heart Affections, Nervous Disorders, Barrenness, Disorders of the Womb, Dropsy, Syphilitic Affions, Liver Complaint, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Loss of Manhood and General Debility.

It has been the custom to treat these diseases with Mercury and other Mineral substances, which, though sometimes producing a cure, often prove injurious and entails misery in after life. The long known injurious properties of these so called Alteratives and Purifiers has led the philanthropical man of science to explore the arcana of nature, the result of which has been the discovery of a vegetable product which possess the power of eradicating these Taints from the Blood.

DR. TUTT'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

SARSAPARILLA AND QUEEN'S DELIGHT

Is the acknowledged antidote to all Blood Diseases. By its use the afflictions above enumerated can be permanently banished, and the Source the Centre of Life—the Blood, be established in all its purity and vigor.

For Diseases produced by the use of Mercury, and for Syphilis, with its train of evils, this compound is the only sure antidote.

To a poor creature, enfeebled in mind and body, secret practices, whose nerves are unstrung and countenance downcast

The Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT

is a blessing. Try it fairly, and your nerves will be restored their wonted vigor, and your dejected countenance be made radiant with the consciousness

Restored Manhood.

Being free from mineral matter, it is adapted to general use. The old and young may use it; the most delicate female at any time may take it; the tender infant who may have inherited disease, will be cured by it.

For Purifying the Blood

USE

DR. TUTT'S

Extract of Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT.

When used in the Spring it removes all humors which infest the system, and vanishes the languor and debility peculiar to that season of the year. It acts promptly on the

Liver and Kidneys,

Producing a healthy action of all important organs by which all the impurities of the system are carried off, and the result is

A Clear Skin, a Good Appetite, and Buoyant Spirits.

PREPARED BY

WM. H. TUTT & CO.,

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

And Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

apr21-deod6m

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of Fulton County, Ga., will be sold, on the first Tuesday in July next, at the Court House door in the City of Atlanta, Fulton county, between the legal hours of sale, the following described lots in the city of Atlanta, being the property of the estate of George Gibson, deceased:

One lot on Tannery street, 100 feet on said street, thence south 200 feet to Simpson street, 100 feet on Simpson street, and thence north to Tannery street 200 feet; containing one-half acre more or less. On said premises is a one-story dwelling house.

One lot known as city lot No. 36, containing one-half acre more or less, being on Ivy street, 100 feet on said street; on which lot are two small one-story buildings of wood.

One lot known as part of city lot No. 35 containing four-fifths of half-acre, more or less, being 100 feet, more or less, on Ivy street, 160 feet, more or less, on Harris street, 100 feet, more or less, on the west line, and 160 feet, more or less, on south line on said lot is a one-story wood building.

One lot known as city lot No. 109, of block No. 9, and part of lot No. 108, of block No. 9, containing one and one-fourth of an acre, more or less, situated on the corner of Collins and Baker streets; on said lot is a large two-story brick house with twelve rooms, with good outbuildings.

One lot known as part of city lot No. 106, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, and fronting on Collins street 45 feet, more or less, and running back 160 feet, more or less, and having thereon a one-story building of wood, two rooms.

One lot known as city lot No. 85, being 50 feet front on Hull street, and containing one-half an acre, more or less; on said premises is a small one-story building.

One lot known as No. 4, in block 38, situated on Whitehall street, and running back to Forsyth street, and containing one acre, more or less; on said premises is a one-story house of brick, at present occupied by Wm. M. Bray, Esq.

One lot known as part of land lot No. 79, in the 14th district of Fulton county. Said lot fronts on Simpson street, and measures 100 by 300 feet, more or less.

One lot known as city lot No. 7, in block 109, fronting 300 feet on Stocking street, and 100 feet on Mechanics' street; said lot contains one-half acre, more or less; on said premises is a small one-story building.

One lot known as city lot No. 130, of block 39, fronting on Houston street 145 feet, more or less, on Butler street 218 feet, containing seven-eighths of an acre, more or less.

One lot known as part of city lot No. 14, and containing one fourth of an acre, more or less, including half the alley on the south side of said lot, situated on Cone street; on said premises is a one-story dwelling of four rooms.

One lot known as part of city lot No. 14, in block No. 6, being a part of original land lot No. 78, in the 14th district, which is the eastern part of said city lot, containing one fourth of an acre, more or less.

One lot known as No. 128, fronting on Marietta street, containing five-eighths of an acre, more or less; on said premises is a dwelling of four rooms on high brick basement.

Also lot known as the west half of city lot No. 1, and the west half of the north half of city lot No. 4, in block No. 16, containing three-fourths of an acre, more or less; on said premises is a two-story wood dwelling, with good outbuildings, and situated on Mitchell street, opposite City Hall.

Also, one house and lot in the city of Griffin, Spalding county, known as city lot 7, square 35, and containing one-half acre, more or less; said, also, 25¾ feet off the north end of lot No 8, square 35, on which the subscribers are tenants. Terms cash.

GEORGE R. GIBSON,
Qualified Executor of
George Gibson, deceased.

may31-dawtd

BELL HOUSE,

KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE.

THIS old and popular hotel, situated at the corner of Hale and State Streets, is again thrown

OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

In its appointments—Rooms and Furniture—it is second to none in the State, and the Proprietor flatters himself that he can give general satisfaction to all who may honor him with a call.

☞ Omnibuses run to and from the Depot.

RANDOLPH ROSS, Proprietor.
E. H. Tookey, Clerk. junel-dlm

SPENCER HOUSE,

SOCIAL CIRCLE, GA.

ONE of the best Eating Houses in the State. Passengers by the Evening Train from Atlanta, can get a splendid Supper here. It is a nice summer resort. Mr. Spencer has fitted up several beautiful Ponds for fishing. He has also ordered an elegant Boat from Baltimore for the pleasure of his Boarders. The house is convenient to the track; no trouble to ralroad passenger to get to it. Parties going to Athens will find it very convenient to lay over here at night to get a good night's rest and Breakfast. junel5 dlm

B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE.

WHY is it that so many children die under the age of five years? That a large proportion of children die under that age, has long been a subject of remark, and without a satisfactory cause ascertained, it is certain.

Also, it is known that worms exist in the human system from its earliest infancy; therefore parents, especially mothers, who are more constantly with their children, can not be too observing of the first symptoms of worms; for so surely as they exist, can they be safely and certainly removed from the most Delicate Infant, by the timely use of

B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge.

It is perfectly harmless, contains no Mercury, being a purely Vegetable Composition, and may be administered with the utmost safety to children of all ages.

Worm Confections, made more for the purpose of pleasing the palate than of overcoming the disease, have been manufactured all over the country, but their short lease of life is nearly exhausted, and B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge continues to grow in favor daily.

CAUTION.

Should occasion require you to purchase B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, be particularly careful to see that the initials are B. A. This is the article that has been so

Favorably Known Since 1829,

And purchasers must insist on having it, if they do not wish to have an invitation forced upon them.

Schwartz & Haslett,

FORMERLY

B. A. Fahnestock's, Son & Co.,

Sole Proprietor's Pittsburgh, Pa.

dec9-deod&wly

California Wine House.

ANGELICA, Hock, Claret, and other grades of California Wines and choice Liquors. Come and try it. JACOB MORRIS,

Hunter, between Broad and Whitehall Sts.

apr28 d3m

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OPPOSITE GEORGIA RAILROAD DEPOT.

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may7—

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apr17-d6m

TO THE MERCHANTS OF ATLANTA.

The Atlantic and Gulf

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SETTING from Savannah, connects at Jesup with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, at Macon with the Macon and Western Railroad, and at Atlanta with the various Roads diverging from this point, forming an unbroken line from the seaboard to all points in Middle and Upper Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Texas.

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NO BREAKAGE OF BULK.

Through Bills of Lading signed from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Savannah, at the very lowest published rates. Advancements for Low Rates, and Prompt Settlements of Claims for Loss or damage occurring on the line, constitute our claim to your patronage. Letters of inquiry addressed to the undersigned will receive prompt attention.

Call on R. Railroad Agent, Savannah, Ga., and Walter P. Clark, Agent of the Macon and Western Railroad, for the latest published Rates and Classification of Freights, to Atlanta.

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C. D. OWENS, Gen'l Ag't,
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NEW METHOD FOR THE

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IT is a grandstock; no organ, no reed, no glue as a leg, but a large extended, simple and scientific system throughout. It is received into the greatest interest and reputation, and has already been adopted in the finest teaching in my whole experience has been unwilling to many instruction books. Published with both American and European Fingering, in separate editions. Price, $4 00. Send for post-paid circular or address on receipt of price.

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june29-d3w

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WE wish to RENT A LOT within the city limits with or without a house, with the privilege of purchase. If we can get a large enough tract, this is a good opportunity for improvement, as we design erecting a Steam Furniture Manufactory.

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jun28-dlw

THE WORLD'S WONDER.

DR. ABBETT'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

—OR—

LIVER MEDICINE

A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and indispositions that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as

Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,

Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,

Sourness of the Stomach,

Loss of Appetite,

Lowliness of Spirits, Colic,

Costiveness, Fever, Ague,

Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations. The wise will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

LAGRANGE, GA., Dec. 3, 1869.

Messrs. Crawford & Walker, West Point, Ga. Gentlemen: Having witnessed almost daily, for the last fifteen years, the great efficacy of the preparation you are now pushing up, known as "Abbett's Medicine," it affords me pleasure to state that I know of no combinations or preparation equal to it in the treatment of Liver Diseases of whatever character, and would cordially recommend it to all who are suffering from derangement of the Liver, and especially the Dyspeptic.

I am, very respectfully,
T. S. STADFIELD, Druggist.

West Point, Ga., Oct. 15, 1869.

Messrs. Crawford & Walker: Gentlemen—I can honestly and confidently recommend L. B. Abbett's Liver or Dyspeptic Medicine, as prepared by you, to the favorable notice of the suffering public. Having used this Medicine myself in my family for twenty years, I can highly recommend it for removing pain or flatulency from the stomach, caused by indigestion. It also has a happy effect in removing costiveness of the bowels. I believe it to be the best universal remedy the world has yet discovered for the above named diseases. With my best wishes to you in introducing this valuable Medicine to the public, I remain, Yours, truly, A. K. KENDRICK.

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, General Agents, Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

CRAWFORD & WALKER, Prop'rs,
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GREAT

GERMAN BITTERS,

TONIC, INVIGORANT,

—AND—

PALATABLE STIMULANT.

BY far the best and purest preparation in the world for Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Liver Complaint, as a preventive for Fever and Ague, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

LIPPMANN'S

Great German Bitters,

Are a Medicinal Cordial, possessing powerful alterative, anti-bilious and invigorating properties, that can be taken by old or young, male or female, with beneficial results.

FOR FEMALES,

LIPPMAN'S BITTERS are invaluable. They build up the system, bring health and bloom to the cheek of the invalids. As a remedy for nervous wakefulness, to which females are especially subject, they are fast superseding all other stimulants.

LIPPMAN'S

Great German Bitters,

Are a Cordial for the aged, and a sure protection against malarious diseases. Persons living in damp and malarious climates will find these Bitters a valuable remedy; a small dose taken occasionally will prevent many day's and, perhaps week's of sickness.

No license at all necessary to sell these Bitters.

Savannah, Ga., March 16, 1870.

Messrs. Jacob Lippman & Bro., Savannah, Ga.:

Gents: I have before me your esteemed letter of the 14th instant, containing various documents relative to your "German Bitters." After a careful examination, I must confess that your Bitters is really what you represent it to be, an old German recipe of Dr. Mischerlich, of Berlin, Prussia. It will, no doubt, be excellent for Dyspepsia, general debility and nervous diseases, and it is a good preventive of Chills and Fevers. I find it to be the most delightful and pleasant stomachic.

I remain, yours truly,
[Signed] AUG. P. WETTER.

Kirkland Mills, Ga., March 28, 1870.

Messrs. Jacob Lippman & Bro., Druggists, Savannah, Ga.:

Gentlemen: I have introduced your Great German Bitters here, to my customers and friends, and I find a better sale for them than any I have ever kept before. Those who have tried them, approve of them very highly, and I do not hesitate in saying that they are far superior in value to any other Bitters now in use.

Yours, respectfully,
[Signed, W. KIRKLAND.

LIPPMAN'S

Great German Bitters,

Are sold by

DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS GENERALLY,

And are prepared in the Laboratory of the

WHOLESALE DRUG HOUSE

—OF—

Jacob Lippman & Bro.,

SAVANNAH, GA.

B. F. WYLY, PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO., and A. J. WEST & CO., Atlanta, Georgia, Wholesale Agents for Lippman's Great German Bitters.

may15-dly

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TO THE CITIZENS OF ATLANTA.

WE are now prepared to make BOOTS and SHOES of all descriptions, to order. If you want Patent Leather, Cork-soles, Box-toed, Water proof, Light stitch or Pumps of the finest French Calf-skin, we can furnish them to you at short notice and warrant the fit. The soles are made of the finest English Sole Leather and Fancy Gaiters of all descriptions made for gentlemen in the most approved style. Call and see us at our Shop, on Fryor street, in front of the Rooster. If you want the finest and best fitting Work in the city,

other [illegible]—Five first-class Boot Makers. None but [illegible] employed.

apr8—dly C. HUGHES & SON.

jan28-dly

SHAVING! SHAVINGS!

PARTIES wishing Shavings can obtain them at the Phoenix Planing Mill, free of charge.

LONGLEY & RUSSELL.

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The Daily Constitution.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

I. W. AVERY, Editor.

Morning Edition.

Atlanta, Georgia, June 30, 1870.

Treasurer Angier's Defense.

We publish Dr. Angier's defense, which will no doubt be read with intense interest at this time. It changes the impression now rife in the community, growing out of reports of the nature of the evidence before the Investigating Committee. THE CONSTITUTION has no interest in the Bullock-Angier controversy, other than that the people may have the facts laid before them.

The Farnsworth Amendment.

If the Farnsworth amendment to the pending Georgia bill means nothing, why did every Bullock sympathizer vote against it? What was the effect of striking "the year 1870" from Farnsworth's amendment, as originally offered? "Only this, and nothing more." It left the provisions of the constitution to control, and not the express mandate of Congress based upon those provisions. Of course Democrats wanted the original amendment, because it put it beyond the power of our Radical Legislature to prolong its term by any sort of usurpation; whereas, it is possible, we do not think probable, that they will attempt to do this violence to the constitution, hoping that there is no remedy left the people. Our convention of 1868 struck out the famous tenth section, which, in express words, gave the negro the right to hold office in Georgia. Was the effect of this to prevent his holding office? The constitution and laws, so the Radicals truly said, gave them the right without this section; it was unnecessary, and hence stricken out.

Confederate Monument.

The ladies of the Memorial Association, it is said, are in a "quandary" about the location of the proposed monument in memory of the Confederate dead. Whether it shall be erected in the cemetery, in the midst of the graves where lie the dead heroes, or in some one of the public grounds in the heart of the city, is the question.

If the monument is designed as a testimonial of affection for those who laid down their lives for us, to select as its cite, the ground, beneath which they rest, seems to consistent with reason and natural sentiment.

The location of the monument in the midst of the graves of the dead will perpetuate the sanctity of their resting-place; preserve it from desecration, and seal their title to undisturbed possession of the sacred spot in all time to come. The monument, if erected in the cemetery, will attract visitors thither, and the pride of the living will be laudably stimulated to the proper preservation and ornamentation of the graves and gronnds.

If, however, the monument is designed chiefly to gratify the pride of the living, and as an ornament to our town, then it is reasonable that it be placed within a convenient distance of the center of the city. That the real estate in the vicinity will be somewhat enhanced is in accordance with experience in city improvements everywhere.

The above views at once intrude themselves upon a reflecting mind when the attention is first called to the subject. We understand that the reported difference of opinion chiefly grows out of the position taken by some, that as the monument is designed to commemorate all the Confederate dead, buried in Georgia, it is not just that it be placed in the cemetery at Atlanta and thereby imply the appropriation of it in honor of those alone who are interred therein. Without this explanation the location of the heart of the city would, considering all the facts, impress a stranger unfavorably.

The Prolongation Question.

Prolongationists assert that the State is in all respects subject to the reconstruction acts till admitted to representation, and that the constitutional term of the present State officers (including members of the General Assembly) begins with the signature of the President to the bill that admits the State. The only authority for this position is found in section 6 of the act of March 2d, 1867: "That until the people of the said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil governments which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same. And in all elections to any office under such provisional governments, all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the 5th section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under any such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the 3d article of the said (14th) amendment."

Our present State Government has been, and is, they say, subject to this law; very well, neither Congress nor the commanding General has abolished, modified or suspended the clause in our constitution requiring an election this year, and hence, it is in full force until Congress or the General commanding interferes. Who can perceive the difference as to the internal affairs of the State between a provisional and permanent State Government? The same laws are requisite for the protection of person, property and reputation in the one as in the other. State and county, judicial and ministerial officers, are needed alike in both, and the law of this provisional government limits the term of officers and fixes the time and manner of election, except in so far as they may be interferred with by the authority above named.

The people of Georgia had this act, we are considering, before them in 1868. They knew that the government they were organizing and the officers they were electing might be provisional only—nay, must be till the State was admitted. But they knew, too, that the necessity for an organization, and the benefit to be derived from it, in the management of their internal affairs, were the same, precisely, as if the government would unquestionably be permanent, and they endeavored to provide for this necessity, and reap these benefits, by electing officers for prescribed terms and members of the General Assembly for two years, dating from November, 1868. These were to be their provisional officers for the terms prescribed, if the State should remain so long out of the Union. They were to be their permanent officers for the same time if the State should be at once admitted. In fact, the organization to take care of our internal affairs is, and was intended to be, wholly independent of the relations of the State to the other States of the Union. Georgia in the Union and Georgia out of it are one and the same. Her external relations do not affect her domestic regulations. If Georgia provisional and Georgia permanent are two distinct governments, then the present officers must dissolve when their government (the provisional) is abolished.

Responsibility Admitted.

We asked yesterday who is responsible for the actions of the State Treasurer, and charged it upon the Radical party.

We are glad that the organ of the "ring" positively admits that responsibility in the following plea for forbearance in favor of the Radical official. The organ says:

Several communications of a personal nature, reflecting upon our unfortunate State Treasurer, are declined, and for reasons that must be obvious to every one.

We are willing to believe that the writers do not fully appreciate the condition of that unfortunate gentleman. His position is certainly not such as would provoke the combative in the minds of any but the merciless. It appeals rather to all that is humane and charitable in the human heart. His punishment is already greater than often comes to the lot of poor erring humanity; and although his case presents some aggravated features these have only conspired to make his fall more terrible, his political ruin the more irretrievable. Least of all should Republicans rejoice over the downfall of one in whom they once reposed confidence, and for whose misfortunes they will, in some measure, be held responsible. The tribune of public sentiment has already passed sentence upon him. That ought to suffice, outside the inexorable demands of the law. If deeper humiliation awaits an erring fellow-man, let it be legal, not conventional—never in obedience to that weak element in human nature that would kick an unfortunate man merely because he is down and can't get up. We think if any man will put himself in Mr. Angier's place (as Charles Reade would say) and endeavor to realize something of his real condition before the public, it would disarm malevolence and convert even hatred into pity.

Communicated.]

ATLANTA, GA., June 28, 1870.

With an understanding on my part that I was to be allowed to be heard in argument at the conclusion of the testimony, both in the sustaining of my charges against Governor Bullock, and refuting his charges against me, I prepared my arguments. The committee having declined to hear argument based upon the testimony I, below, lay the same before the public.

N. L. ANGIER.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., June 28, 1870.

To the Honorable Chairman and Members of the Investigating Committee:

This investigation has been prolonged to such an extent that I shall endeavor to be brief in my argument based upon the testimony.

Under charge first, your attention is first called to a portion of the law regulating the public funds, and the manner of their disbursement: "No money shall be drawn from the Treasury except by appropriation made by law." (Par. 1, sec. 6, art. 3, Constitution of Georgia.) In this case there was no appropriation, but *a refusal to make one.* Section 71 of the Code says: "All payments from the Treasury, unless otherwise provided, shall be made upon the warrants of the Governor; the warrant shall always specify on what appropriation or fund it is drawn." In this case there was no warrant, and, if there had been, no fund was appropriated on which to draw the warrant. Paragraph 5, section 86, of the Code says: "All payments from the Treasury shall be paid from the fund appropriated for such purpose, and not from any other." Paragraphs 1 and 3, section 94, of the Code says: "It is the duty of the Comptroller General to keep an account of the several appropriations authorized by law, the time when the same are drawn from the Treasury, in whose favor, and to what fund charged." "To audit all accounts against the State, and allow or reject the same before they are submitted to the Governor." These accounts of the Messrs. Kimball, the Comptroller never saw, and the Governor paid them without any warrant or appropriation. But it is useless to multiply further.

Aside from Governor Bullock disbursing thirty-one thousand dollars ($31,000) of this amount, in disregard of the expressed will of the Legislature, it is in proof that he used four thousand dollars ($4,000) of the State's money for his individual purposes, none of which has he ever paid into the Treasury. In disregard of the report adopted by the House, by a vote of (86 to 37) eighty-six to thirty-seven, condemning in severe terms this unlawful use of the public funds, as soon as the Legislature adjourned, he hastened to New York and drew twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) more from the Fourth National Bank, (which amount was charged to the State) and applied it to the same purpose as the thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000.)

This system of drawing and disbursing the public funds by the Governor supersedes the necessity of the Code, and the expenses to the State of the Comptroller General and Treasurer, only so far as to collect the taxes and hand them over to the Governor.

In regard to charge 2d, *all* the evidence goes to show that a large amount of the 7 per cent. mortgage bonds were *sold* by order of Governor Bullock, and the proceeds from said sale were used in a manner contrary to the law. No evidence in rebuttal. The law in this case *distinctly specifies* that these bonds should be used "in exchange for or in redemption of said old bonds of the State falling due in the years 1868, 1869 and 1870." (See act No. 9, page 15, Georgia Laws, 1866.

The evidence under charge 3d shows, first, that Governor Bullock has drawn warrants in favor of the various newspapers in this State to the amount of over forty-five thousand dollars ($45,000) for publishing or advertising Executive proclamations, orders, etc., charging these warrants to the *Printing* Fund. Independent of the reckless extravagance displayed by the Governor in thus publishing in nearly every paper in the State all the proclamations issued from the Executive office, the *manner* of drawing said warrants is clearly a violation of section 1043 of the Code. The Governor says this is not *printing*; if not printing, why charge to the *Printing* Fund? If it is *printing*, then he should charge the warrants according as the 1043d section of the Code, which says, "*All* printing, other than that performed by the public printer, must be paid for out of the *Contingent* Fund." In a number of cases the Governor issues proclamations, in the publishing of which the State has no interest whatever; and where there is no law authorizing the publication of such proclamations, as, for instance, publishing in various newspapers in the State a long list of the names of various parties in the State whose political disabilities have been removed by an act of Congress; also, publishing in North-Georgia papers the proclamation or order appointing some person in a South-Georgia county inspector of fertilizers, and vice versa.

Furthermore, under said 3d charge, Governor Bullock has employed six clerks in the Executive office, more than is duly authorized by law. The Legislature of 1868 passed a section in the Appropriation Act of that year allowing the Governor to employ such additional assistance in his office as was necessary; but when he so grossly abused this privilege by employing *so many more than was necessary*, the Legislature of 1869, in the 2d section Appropriation Act of that year, restricted him to his two secretaries and one clerk; yet, in direct violation of this expressed restriction by the Legislature, Governor Bullock has kept these *six extra clerks* employed all the time; at the same time, drawing the warrants to pay for their services in an improper and illegal manner; he drawing on the 2d section Appropriation Act of 1869, when section 1635 of the Code only gives him the privilege of paying them out of the Contingent Fund. From the testimony of Mr. Thweatt, Mr. Hunter and Mr. Campbell, (all familiar with the duties of the Executive office,) it will appear that all Governors, heretofore, found out that two secretaries were an ample sufficiency to transact all the business of that office, while, according to the testimony of these same gentlemen, the labors of that office have been diminished instead of increased; yet, Governor Bullock must have his two secretaries and six extra clerks.

Charge 4. According to the evidence careful examinations have been made of all the records, reports, &c., for more than ten years back, and it cannot be found that any Governor before Governor Bullock ever drew a warrant on or made use of any section in the Appropriation Acts, corresponding to the 2d section of 1869 and 7th section 1868, although said section or a very similar one has been in the Appropriation Acts for years. All other Governors found the Contingent Fund of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) fully sufficient to pay all claims against the State for which there existed no special appropriation; yet Governor Bullock, according to the evidence, has drawn warrants for over one hundred and eighty-five thousand dollars ($185,000) on said section of 1868 and 1869. On this section he draws his warrants to pay for fees to attorneys, extravagant rewards offered, and extra clerk hire in Executive office, when *all* such accounts and claims against the State have been invariably paid out of the Contingent Fund. (See Mr. Thweatt's evidence, pages 53 and 54.) This (the Contingent Fund) is the provision made by the Legislature to pay all such claims as have been just enumerated.

Charge 5. The evidence under this charge shows that Governor Bullock drew his warrant for five thousand dollars ($5,000) to pay the Public Printer, on the 7th section of Appropriation Act of 1868, when he should have drawn it on the Printing Fund. Payment of this warrant was refused by the Treasurer because it was illegally drawn. This identical case came up before the General Assembly, and the Governor was directed, by resolution, to charge the warrant to its proper fund (the Printing Fund.) The Governor vetoed said resolution, and it went back to the House and was passed over his veto by a vote of ninety-five to thirty-one (95 to 31;) yet he still, in absolute defiance of this action of the House, refused to draw the warrant as instructed and directed by the General Assembly. This is an unparalleled case of over-riding and setting at defiance the laws of the State, and the law-making power. From all the records and reports of the State House officers no warrant was ever issued as an advance to any public printer for printing done by him, and the warrant drawn on any other than the Printing Fund. This fund was created expressly and solely for the Public Printer.

Charge 6. Although the General Assembly of 1869 (see House Journal, page 710) directed the discharge of an employee in the State Library designated as assistant Librarian; yet Governor Bullock, in violation of this action, continued said assistant in that office, drawing warrants at various times to pay for his services as such assistant, and also drew his warrant in favor of the Librarian for five hundred dollars, ($500) for *extra* services in the Library, when it is a well known fact that the General Assembly, at one time, attempted and came very near reducing the salary of that officer from twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum, to six hundred dollars ($600) per annum, leaving it, after considerable discussion, at twelve hundred dollars ($1,200.) Yet when he knew all these facts, he is so reckless and wasteful of the State's money, that he must find some way to get rid of it, so he issues his warrant to said Librarian for this *extra* amount of five hundred dollars ($500.)

The evidence under charge 7 *fully* sustains the charge. Mr. Blodgett testifying that he paid nearly fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) out of the State Road Treasury, in obedience to requests from Governor Bullock to do so; and Mr. Harris' testimony going to prove it still further, he testifying that his predecessor offered and desired him to accept, in his settlement, the vouchers on which this large amount was paid out, as cash.

This clearly violated the law (section 1007) regulating what disposition shall be made of the proceeds of said road, after deducting expenses.

Charge 8. The manner and system of disbursing a greater portion of the Contingent Fund, as shown by the evidence, amounts to the creation of a *Sub-Treasury* in the Executive office, unknown to and in total violation of the law, the Governor drawing out large amounts without any specified accounts, and allowing one of his clerks to disburse it, the Governor not requiring any bond from said clerk for the faithful and correct performance of his duties.

The evidence under this charge further shows, that said clerk has taken credit, at various times, out of this money *twice for the identical service*, whereby the State was the loser to a larger amount, and it is more than probable that these errors against the State would have gone *uncorrected*, but for the examination into said accounts by this committee.

Charge 9. That he has used the State's money to fee attorneys "to promote his own partisan, personal and selfish ends," as alleged in this charge, is fully shown by the testimony of J. L. Hopkins, Henry Jackson and Geo. S. Thomas. If he can use the State's money to pay attorneys to defend one political favorite (the same being a minority candidate) in his official position, he can do the same for every one in the State, amounting to many thousands. He has just as much right in a suit for divorce, or breach of promise, to draw a warrant on the State Treasury to fee defendant's counsel. It was a personal matter with the contestants, in which the Governor had no right to interfere, especially with the State's money, and his interference with the State's money, in favor of his own political adherents, is the strongest evidence he did it "to promote partisan, personal and selfish ends."

Charge 10. The evidence under this charge shows that Governor Bullock has, on three different occasions, issued his warrants on the Treasury for large amounts to pay for rewards offered for the apprehension and delivery of fugitives from justice, when the *proclamations offering the rewards had never been published*; in fact the evidence shows that at the bottom of these proclamations, when they were handed into the Secretary of State's office, was an order from Governor Bullock stating that the Secretary of State delay publication for two weeks; and further orders from the Executive office (after said two weeks had elapsed) to still further delay, and these said proclamations were never published; yet were these warrants issued for six thousand dollars ($6,000) to pay these several rewards.

This was clearly a violation of said 61st section of the Code, and opens the door to great favoritism and fraud between the Governor and the parties making the arrest, which said section was intended to guard against.

Under charge 11, it was proved by several members of the General Assembly, that many vacancies exist and have existed for a long time in both branches of the Legislature of Georgia, yet has the Governor failed and refused to issue writs of election to fill said vacancies, thus violating paragraph 3, section 2, article 4, of the Constitution of Georgia, which says: "He shall issue writs of election to fill all vacancies that happen in the Senate or House of Representatives," thus violating his oath of office, wherein he swears to protect, preserve and defend said Constitution of Georgia.

Thus you will perceive that the proof against the Governor is overwhelming in sustaining every charge the Treasurer has made. The testimony shows, beyond dispute, that the Governor has knowingly violated his oath of office, and willfully and defiantly set at naught the Constitution and laws, and regarded himself as a dictator, supreme above all laws and considerations of a legislative body.

N. L. ANGIER, Treasurer.

GOVERNOR BULLOCK'S CHARGES AGAINST TREASURER ANGIER FULLY REFUTED BY THE TESTIMONY AND LAW.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., June 28, 1870.

To the Honorable Chairman and Members of the Investigating Committee:

Three only of the Governor's charges against the Treasurer, will be noticed, the first, sixth and tenth; the others are void of significance.

The proof under the first charge is that the Treasurer had no secure place in his office to keep the State funds, making it absolutely necessary for him to seek some secure place. The funds were all of a temporary character, required for "immediate use," so much so, that the deposit bank account was sometimes overdrawn.

Paragraph 7, of section 86, of the Code says: "The Treasurer may, under the direction of the Governor, [illegible] funds [illegible] education, or set apart for the purpose[illegible] required for immediate [illegible] any other purpose [illegible] chartered bank of this State [illegible] in any [illegible] as Treasurer, and State, subject to [illegible] make such contract with the [illegible] for the use of such funds as [illegible] beneficial to the State."

[illegible] the above paragraph, the education[illegible] fund, and those not of a temporary character, are only subject to deposit for the benefit of the State. The balance, required for immediate use, are presumed to be in the Treasury, and if the Treasurer places them anywhere else, he does it at his own risk, and is (only when he has no secure place in his office) entitled to such interest as he can get on the daily balance.

This is not such a use of the funds as contemplated in paragraph 8; if it is the depositing the educational fund and interest thereon, as provided in paragraph 7, would be a violation of said paragraph 8. The only rational construction, such as not to bring the two said paragraphs in conflict, is, the Treasurer shall not use or allow others to use the funds for the ordinary purposes of business and trade. But the Treasurer, notwithstanding he had no secure place to keep the funds "required for immediate use," depositing them at his own risk, and contracting for a small per centum on the daily balances, has received no benefit from the same; for as soon as he became aware of murmurings, it is in proof he ordered his clerk to pass to the credit of the State, the small sum of three hundred and thirty-six dollars and ten cents, ($336 10) accruing in six months, which he finally did before either the clerk or Treasurer had a knowledge that suit was commenced by a magnanimous Governor, who plunders the State by tens of thousands, and is as prodigal of the State's money as if it came in spontaneous streams of gold, and not by the sweat of a *war-devastated, impoverished people.*

The sixth charge is totally void of truth, and has not a particle of testimony to sustain it, so far as relates to a bribe. The General Assembly of 1869 had been very liberal in their franchise to an endorsement on the bonds of the Brunswick and Albany Railroad Company, and without the knowledge of the Treasurer, made him the trustee for the road in behalf of the State. His position as Treasurer made it his duty to accept this trust. Lengthy documents, rehearsing the bill, etc., conveying this trust, were sent to the Treasurer by the officers of said railroad company, with twelve lengthy forms to be made out and attested, the Treasurer causing the labor to be done, requiring several days. The impression prevailed, to some extent, that said railroad company was a bogus concern, and that the franchise was obtained through fraud. The Treasurer's mind partook somewhat of this opinion. Before the first twenty miles of said road were completed, parties in Savannah procured an injunction from Judge Schley, rehearsing at great length the case, and restraining the Treasurer from issuing bonds.

Hearing was finally had before Judge Sessions, in Glynn county, who finally rendered a decision adverse to complainants, which decision, verified by the Clerk of the Superior Court of said county, was conveyed to the Treasurer, whereupon he certified, endorsed and issued bonds of the Brunswick and Albany Railroad Company to the amount of three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000), the law having been complied with in all respects. One of the attorney's of said road, noticing there was a great amount of extra labor to be performed by the Treasurer, for which the act granting aid to said road made no provision to pay, remarked that the road had a good thing, and that they did not expect the State Treasurer to have placed upon him the duties and responsibilities of trustee of the road, in behalf of the State, and the heavy extra labor not required of him when he was elected and his salary fixed, without some compensation, and made some proposition about sharing such compensation as the directors and officers of said road might be disposed to give. The Treasurer remarked that any arrangement he might make would probably be satisfactory to him; that he would faithfully perform the duties in strict conformity of the law, pay or no pay. At a subsequent time, as the testimony shows, said Attorney came into the Treasurer's office and handed him a half sheet of Confederate note paper, on which a few lines were written, making, as near as the Treasurer can recollect from a hasty reading, a proposition to share in such compensation for said extra labors as the directors might be disposed to give, and asked the Treasurer to sign it, which he did, regarding it as a memorandum that said Attorney (V. A. Gaskill) desired to show to Wm. L. Avery, another Attorney for said road. As no name was signed to the paper, but the Treasurer's when it left his office, and the Treasurer cannot say it was dated, and at furthest thinks it did not exceed ten lines, on a half sheet of Confederate note paper. This paper the Treasurer never afterwards saw, and cannot swear to its contents further than as stated above. Is confident no compensation was fixed in the paper, but only a proposition, in case certain pay was assented to by the officers of the road. It is in proof that the Treasurer placed a very low estimate on the stock and the bonds, when this proposition was made, refusing the stock as worthless, and remarking that the bonds might bring something for awhile, and that he would, at that time, consider one dollar compensation for each bond better pay than the chances under the proposed agreement.

The bonds, under an order from the officers of the road, were all delivered to Wm. L. Avery. Sometime after, not in proof how long, V. A. Gaskill handed the Treasurer a one thousand dollar bond of said railroad company as pay for his responsibility and extra labors, and afterwards offered a like bond to the Treasurer for fifty cents on the dollar, which the Treasurer refused.

At the time the first injunction was dissolved by Judge Sessions, the Treasurer supposed this was a final disposition of the matter, not being aware that a writ of error and *supersedeas* could carry it to the Supreme Court. Such writs were, however, at a later period, reported by complainants as having been issued, but no legal notice of the same given to the Treasurer. On a lengthy petition, setting forth many wrongs, the complainants obtained from Judge Sessions a second temporary injunction, which the said Judge afterwards dissolved.

Nearly three months had intervened since the first injunction was dissolved, and the Treasurer had received no legal notice that a *supersedeas* was pending, and the defendants alleged that such was not the fact, and were clamorous for more bonds, stating the work had progressed at heavy expense; that there were large bills for materials, pay-rolls, etc., depending on these bonds, and threatened the Treasurer with suit for damages. The excitement ran so high, there was danger of personal violence, the Treasurer all the time refusing to deliver the bonds and consulting the most eminent jurists, to be certain of his duty. The matter was finally referred to the written decision of L. E. Bleckley, Esq., said opinion to be rendered in the interest of the Treasurer for his protection. His first opinion was adverse to said railroad company. There was a decision of the Supreme Court, and further action by Judge Sessions, when said attorney Bleckley gave his opinion adverse to the complainants so far as related to the duty of the Treasurer to issue bonds, and there was a further [illegible] and there is no proof, and no complaint, that the law has been violated by the Treasurer in issuing bonds when he did.

Bribery, with which the Governor charges me, is the giving or receiving any reward, to influence the behavior of the person receiving such reward in discharge of his duty in any office of government or of justice. The Treasurer read volumes to learn his duty; placed himself under obligations to several eminent jurists, was threatened with prosecution for damages; still he withheld the bonds until the question at dispute was finally adjudicated and decided by the courts. For all the great labor performed by himself and others, in preparing the many large deeds of trust for each county—preparing over one thousand bonds—on several occasions writing until his hand and arm were stiff and painful—he has received one bond of the road, considered by him at the time of small value, and since sold for eight hundred dollars ($800). This is the sum total he has received for all his extra labor, anxiety and responsibility, which the Governor, in his great zeal for accusation, has the presumption to call bribery.

No sensible man, in his sound mind, would sign a paper that in law could be construed into a [illegible]; and the very fact of the Treasurer's signing the little piece of Confederate note paper shows [illegible] he considered it a memorandum, and not in the light of a binding contract, as there was only one signature to the note. If there had been an intention to violate the law the Treasurer, while in his senses, would not have signed said paper and placed it in the hands of those who could use it greatly to his injury.

In this (the sixth charge) the Governor refers to section 85 of the Code as being violated, which reads as follows: "His (the Treasurer's) rights and duties are the same as those of the Secretary of State set forth in sections 77 and 78, except use of the great seal. He shall receive no perquisites for any official act, but the fees prescribed shall be collected by him and paid into the State Treasury."

In order to a full understanding of said section 85, it is necessary to refer to section 78, which makes it the duty of the Treasurer to "furnish [illegible] payment of the *prescribed fees*, copies of all records and public documents within his office." In both sections there must be a "*prescribed fee*" fixed by law before a charge can be made. Webster states the American definition of "perquisite" is "*A fee allowed by law to an officer for a specific service.*" The Treasurer has received no "*fee allowed by law*," but payment for extra service for which the law fixed no fee; in this case "perquisite" and "*fee prescribed by law*" are *synonymous*, and this is the sense in section 85. The law restrains the Treasurer from receiving an "undue reward," but it does not prohibit him from receiving reasonable pay for extra services when no fee is prescribed, especially when those services arise from an increase of labors, duties and responsibilities new to the office, *the most of which was not official*, and for which no fees are prescribed.

If he performed an illegal act by reason of this pay it becomes a crime. No such thing is proved, but on the contrary, it is proved that he exercised extraordinary diligence to learn the law by his laborious researches, by application to the best jurists and highest judicial head, and firmly refused to act except in strict conformity to law, the testimony showing that in no instance has the law been violated.

Charge 10 is fully refuted by the testimony, and by a report of the sub-committee appointed from the Investigating Committee to examine into the Treasurer's accounts; their report, which is submitted below, *tallying exactly* with the report made by the clerk and accountant in Treasurer's office under date of June 13th, 1870. This charge was manufactured by Bullock and his tool. To have investigated any farther would have defeated their wicked designs, which they both well knew.

ATLANTA, GA., June 28, 1870.

Mr. Chairman: The undersigned, the sub-committee, appointed by you, under a resolution, to visit the Treasurer's office and examine the vouchers in the possession of that officer in explanation of the disbursement of the $436,674 30 which appears to have been on hand on the first day of June, 1870, most respectfully submit the following report as the result of said examination:

The exhibits by the Treasurer to your committee on June 13th, 1870, are found to be a correct statement and explanation of the disbursement of the $436,674 30 as the vouchers as below stated make the balance correct.

Amount of cash on hand to balance on June 1st, 1870, as appears on examination of the records in the Treasurer's office was $436,674 30, which is thus accounted for, and found to be correct; sent to the Fourth National Bank, New York, $110,000—for which we find a proper receipt from said bank as voucher. We find legislative pay-rolls in the following order, not yet entered: Back pay to colored members, $28,938; House, second session, $42,455; Senate, second session, $12,481, making an aggregate of $83,874, which amounts we find are sustained by the proper vouchers. Under the item of "bonds and coupons paid," we find $56,338 sustained by an exhibit of the bonds and coupons paid. Advances to civil officer under paragraph 9, section 86, of the Code we find $3,875 sustained by the proper vouchers. Miscellaneous accounts paid, exchange, etc., $350 25, supported by vouchers for exchange, necessaries and improvements for the Treasurer's office. We find amount deposited at 3 per cent per annum, for the benefit of the State's Educational Fund to be $175,000, supported by certificates of deposit as follows: Certificate No. 142, for $150,000; No. 147, for $5,000; No. 66, for $20,000, amounting in the aggregate to $175,000, as above stated, said certificates of deposit being respectively from the Atlanta National Bank, and the Georgia Railroad and Banking Company. We find cash balance in the Treasury on the first day of June, 1870, to be $7,237 05, supported by exhibit of cash. We find cash received since first day of June, 1870, nearly $8,000, amount in cash on hand at this date $13,0[illegible] as shown by an exhibit of the cash, and also vouchers for $2,000 paid out.

We find the books in the Treasurer's office very neatly and apparently correctly kept.

Respectfully submitted,
J. C. FAIN,
S. A. DARNELL, Committee.

The current of the whole testimony goes to show, not only that the Governor is guilty under every charge made against him by the Treasurer, but that his charges against said official proceed from a malicious, malignant spirit, coupled with a purpose to direct public attention from his own misdeeds and lawless[illegible]

I have refrained from noticing the many infamous slanders set afloat by my persecutors, preferring to wait till the full proof could be elicited. I would do injustice to my own sensibilities and high regard for the good name of myself and family to fain indifference to these cruel, wicked, libelous assaults, and I leave the perpetrators to themselves and their own infamy, and appeal to the fair-minded of the committee and unbiased public for justice.

N. L. ANGIER, Treasurer.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Revenue receipts to-day $697[illegible]

The nominations to-day were Sherman Conant as Judge of the Southern District of Florida, and H. W. Scott, Collector of Customs at Williamette, Florida.

Congressional.

In the Senate, twenty thousand copies of the 15th Amendment Enforcement bill was ordered to be printed.

Cameron's motion to reconsider the Texas Pacific Railroad bill, to restrict branch to 20,000 tons of foreign iron, failed.

The Tax bill resumed. The amendment reducing the duty on coal and shale to fifty cents per ton, failed by 18 to 25. Tariff on live animals 25 per centum ad valorem; breeding animals free, except from Mexico and Canada; present duty on opium retained.

In the House, the report of the Conference Committee on currency was defeated, and a new conference was asked for. The chief argument was that the bill reported by the Conference Committee involved contraction. The vote against the bill was 73 to 132.

Nothing else important.

BOSTON, June 29.—E. Porter Dyer, Jr., former cashier of the Mentonville Bank, has been sentenced to six months imprisonment and $25,000 fine. This is the last of the State Street irregularities.

PITTSBURG, June 29.—During the terrible storm prostrating houses and trees, lightning fired a two thousand barrel oil tank of the Eclipse Refinery. The Citizens' Refinery was struck at the same time. The Eclipse tank exploded, and the burning oil floating down the river burned Sharpburg bridge. One person was burned to death.

RICHMOND, June 29.—Peter Phillips, who was to have been hung on Friday, for wife murder, has been respited by the Governor till July 22.

Thermometer to-day 99. Violent thunder and rain storm this evening.

NEW ORLEANS, June 29.—The Florida and Gulf mail has been awarded to Sanford Hite, of St. Louis, with a subsidy of $38,000 per annum for four years. The initial point is fixed at New Orleans.

The British ship St. Lawrence, loading for Havre, with two thousand bales of cotton and other cargo on board, took fire and was pumped full of water. The vessel and cargo will be saved in a damaged condition.

NEW YORK, June 29.—Murat Lemus, the Cuban Minister to the United States, is dead.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, June 29.—The immense crowd of both sexes from all sections of the Union assembled in the University Hall to-night, to hear an address before the literary societies by Hon. George H. Pendleton, of Ohio. In coming forward he was received with tremendous applause. The subject of the address was constant, regular and unremitting progress of the human race in everything which lends to its civilization and elevation, that this progress is the result of the efforts of individual men, that every human life aids or retards it, and the consequent duty of every man to develop to the very largest extent every capacity of the mind, and soul and body, that he may contribute his just share to the general advancement of the race. This main idea was enforced by historical illustration, comparison of the civilization of the world, of different epochs and in different countries, and by reference to the laws of nations and individuals. In the course of his address he alluded in fitting terms to the foundation and the history of the University, and to the lives and characteristics of its three great patrons, the splendid trinity of Jefferson, Madison and Monroe. In the course of his remarks Mr. Pendleton made the following reference to national affairs: "It is true, we are building up States in the midst of the Rocky Mountains with wonderful rapidity; it is true, we span the continent with rail and wire, and send our thoughts in an instant across the waters of the old ocean itself. It is true we are advancing with unequaled speed towards the summit of national power and renown. So much the greater reason why we should not lag behind in the pathway of purely intellectual and literary culture. So much the greater reason that we should at all times remember that there is something better than national prosperity; something worthier our efforts than physical honor in accumulated wealth. Let us find with hope an incentive in the fact that the ages the greatest physical activity have been those of the greatest intellectual impulse."

Mr. Pendleton said the true test of the worthiness of the age, is the worthiness of ourselves, which each thinking man should set to himself in the secrecy of his heart, "learning by experience, teaching by example."

The address was considered a very eloquent effort. It gave great satisfaction to all hearers, and Mr. Pendleton was frequently interrupted with applause during its delivery.

Senator Yates, of Illinois, passed through here this evening en route for White Sulphur Springs.

Governor Walker, of Virginia, arrived here at midnight en route to Lexington.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, June 29.—An active demand for money exists at the banks and on the streets.

John Bright's health is restored.

New teas prices inferior.

PARIS, June 29.—The French Government is negotiating a heavy loan to complete the regeneration of Paris, inaugurated by Baron Haussmann.

FLORENCE, June 29.—It is reported that Garibaldi is quite ill.

CORK, June 29.—Quiet is nominally restored, but commercial uneasiness continues. Government prosecution is unabated.

NIGHT DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The Senate discussed the Tax bill all night.

NEW ORLEANS, June 29.—In the town of New Iberia, Louisiana, three squares of the center of the business portion of the town was destroyed by fire, this morning, including three livery stables, the two hotels, three coffee houses, the court-house, and several large business houses. Forty houses were destroyed. The loss is estimated at $250,000. Insurance unknown.

FOREIGN.

PARIS, June 29.—It is said that Emperor Napoleon and Generals Prim and Serrano acquiesced in the abdication of Isabella, on condition that no prince of the house of Orleans should succeed to the throne of Spain.

Dispatches from Rome contradict the report that the vote on the dogma of infallibility would be postponed, and state that it will probably be taken to-day, and that the promulgation of the new dogma will take place to-morrow.

One of the largest carpet manufactories in Beauvais, was burned to the ground last night. Six buildings with all their costly machinery and large stock of raw and manufactured material were destroyed. Loss estimated at over a million francs. Eight hundred operatives are thrown out of employment.

M. Pessens had an audience at Ems this week, with the Emperor of Russia, who readily engaged to protect Protestants in Lithuania from persecution.

LONDON, June 29.—The funeral of the Earl of Clarendon took place to-day, in accordance with the wishes of the deceased. The ceremony was strictly private.

Vice Chancellor, Sir Wm. Jas. Hasper, was appointed Lord Justice of the Court of Appeals.

In the case of Lyons vs. Thomas, where the defendant was sued for the abduction of Esther Lyons, and her conversion from Judaism, the plaintiff was non-suited.

The cable corrections make out the loss by fire at Beauvais in dollars, and not in francs.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MID-SUMMER PRICES.—CALL on S. S. KENDRICK & SON and price Carpets, Curtains, Matting, etc., etc., Marietta street. ORIENTAL MUSQUITO CANOPY, elegant, durable and cheap.
S. S. KENDRICK & SON, Sole Agents.
june29 dtf

THREE ELEGANT RESIDENCE LOTS ON COLLEGE HILL, will be sold on the premises, at 5 o'clock, P. M., Wednesday, 6th July, 1870, by
june26-dtf BELL & HAMMOCK.

MORBID CONDITION OF THE BLOOD.—This is the fruitful source of many diseases, such as Tetter or Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Boils, Carbuncles, Sores, Ulcers, Pimples and Eruptions of all kinds. For the cure of these various affections, which are merely symptoms of a morbid state of the Blood, medical science and skill have not, as yet, discovered a Blood Purifier equal to Dr. TUTT'S SARSAPARILLA AND QUEEN'S DELIGHT. june19-dlm

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE—GEORGIA RAILROAD—AUGUSTA, June 13th, 1870.
NOTICE TO THOSE ATTENDING THE COLLEGE COMMENCEMENTS.
College exercises will commence this year as follows:
At Covington, Sunday, June 19th.
At Oxford, Sunday, July 17th.
At Penfield, July 10th.
At Athens, Sunday, July 31st.
All parties desiring to attend will be passed for ONE FARE, full fare Ticket to be purchased going, and Agent selling to furnish RETURN TICKET FREE.
S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.
Athens, Greensboro, Covington, Washington, Madison and Atlanta papers please copy to August 1st. june16-dtaug1

New Advertisements.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.
TALLULAH ENGINE HOUSE.
I WILL sell, upon the lot where it now stands, on SATURDAY MORNING, July 2d, at ten o'clock, the engine house of Tallulah Fire Company. The said house is 22½ by 50 feet, frame building. It is sold to make way for the construction of a larger, new brick engine house on the same lot.
Terms cash.
G. W. ADAIR, Real Estate and Insurance Agent, 38 Alabama Street.
june29-d3t

Henry County Sheriff's Sales.
WILL be sold before the Court-house door, in said county of Henry, on the first Tuesday in August next, between the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:
Fifty acres of land, more or less, of lot No. [illegible], in the 480th Militia District of said county, (5th district.) Levied on as the property of Jno. V. Evans to satisfy a fi. fa. from Henry Superior Court, in favor of E. O. Huson, administrator of G. W. Allen, vs. Jno. V. Evans. Property pointed out by plaintiff. June 29, 1870.
WILLIS GOODWIN, Sheriff of Henry County, Georgia.
june30-w4w Printer's fee $4 00 per levy.

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer.
Sixteen Handsome Building Lots.
ON This (Thursday) Afternoon, June 30th, 1870, commencing at five o'clock, on the premises, we will sell Sixteen Residence Lots, as per plat at our office.
These lots are one-third of a mile west of the Western and Atlantic Railroad Shops, Winship's, Pitts & Cook's, etc., and are delightfully situated on that commanding eminence known as "Taylor Hill", [illegible] Block 88, Ward 1, Land Lot [illegible], City Map. A more favorable chance is seldom offered to procure a pleasant lot, with a certainty of its increasing value. Get a plat and examine the ground. No investigation of titles needed.
Terms easy—One-third cash; balance in four payments of 3, 6, 9 and 12 months, with lawful interest.
Big Wagon and Hacks will leave our office at a little before 5 o'clock.
WALLACE & FOWLER, Real Estate Agents.
june29-2t

Baling Stuffs.
6,000 pieces "Ky Pr" 2 lb. Hemp Bagging, [illegible] pieces W. A. R. J. H. Magnolia 2¼ to 2½ lb. Flax Bagging. 300 coils and half coils Machine Rope, 100 bales Hemp Baling Twine, Agents for the celebrated Arrow Tie. In store and for sale by
JAMES TODD & CO., General Commission Merchants, Louisville, Kentucky.
june29-d3t

Wanted to Hire,
A WHITE NURSE to wait on a sick woman.
June30-2t J. H. JAMES.

LIGHTNING RODS —OR— Electrical Currents.
AS the season for electrical currents, and accidents resulting to unprotected dwellings from thunder storms, approaches, the following letter from Dr. A. Means, of Oxford, Georgia, will be of interest:
OXFORD, GA., June 6, 1870.
The undersigned has examined the Rayburn & Hunter Copper Lightning Rods, furnished to the public by Mr. A. G. Ladd, and regards them as well suited to the purposes intended, and if properly introduced into the earth, and especially if applied to as many prominent and exposed points of the building as possible, as a sustaining and efficient safe guard against electric discharges occurring near the place of their erection. The [illegible] from the fact that the Copper sheeting is laid, gives strength and firmness to resist fractures, while the other overlying metal affords a conducting surface on which the electric fluid passes much more freely and rapidly than from iron, viz: in the ratio of 12 to 1½.
The spiral and fluted form of the rod are both favorable to a ready transmission of the current—the fluting affording more conducting surface by nearly one-fourth of an inch than a solid rod whose circumference would just correspond to that of a ring, through which the present rod would pass. The firm attachment of its several segments, by well-fitting screws and its terminal points, favorably correspond to effect security. The leading laws which control Atmospheric Electricity seem to have been consulted in its construction; and in all ordinary cases, the fluid under the guidance of such conductor should pass off harmless, to regain its disturbed equilibrium.
june30-dlt A. MEANS.

Wheat Wanted.
10,000 BUSHELS WHEAT WANTED for immediate delivery, by
june30-d1w T. L. WELLS, Grain Merchant.

DR. W. A. HOOTEN'S INFIRMARY FOR THE BLIND, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
CONTINUES to perform the most remarkable cures of the age on the Eye. These wonderful works have already become matter of history, and are rapidly spreading their influence over the whole country. Any amount of unquestionable evidence can be readily furnished persons desiring information.
REFERENCES.
General John B. Gordon, President Southern Life Insurance Company, Atlanta, Ga.
General A. Austell, President National Bank, Atlanta, Ga.
Ex-Governor J. E. Brown, Atlanta, Ga.
Rev. Dr. Jesse Boring, M. D., Professor Medical College, Atlanta, Ga.
Pemberton, Taylor & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Atlanta, Ga.
I. F. Cox, President Baptist Female College, LaGrange, Georgia.
Rev. H. W. Fuller, Pastor First Baptist Church, Atlanta, Georgia.
Prof. I. J. Morris, Auburn, Ala.
Hon. J. T. Clark, Cuthbert, Ga.
Hon. John Erskine, Judge U. S. D. C., Atlanta, Georgia.
Rev. I. J. Wood, Rome, Ga.
Rev. T. H. Murphy, Hoganville, Ga.
Hon. C. B. Wooten, Dawson, Ga.
Rev. B. L. Ross, M. D., Fort Valley, Ga.
Hon. R. A. Turnipseed, Fort Gaines, Ga.
Captain S. S. Dunlap, Macon, Ga.
G. S. Dasher, Conductor S. W. Railroad, Ga.
Colonel B. A. Thornton, Columbus, Ga.
Hon. Wm. M. Tumlin, Cuthbert, Ga.
Colonel B. J. Smith, Cuthbert, Ga.
Rev. A. S. Worrell, Editor Baptist Sentinel and Pres. Lex. Female College, Ga.
Rev. Aug. W. Walker, Conwayboro', S. C.
F. B. Moodie, General Agent Mississippi Valley Life Insurance Company, Louisville, Ky.
Hon. W. H. C. Davenport, Lone Star, Texas.
Hon. C. A. Stanton, Plano, Collins county, Texas.
Hon. Thomas Pullum, Union Springs, Ala.
Rev. Morgan Calloway, Pres. Meth. Female College, LaGrange, Ga.
J. J. Toon, Proprietor Franklin Steam Printing House, Atlanta, Ga.
Rev. D. Shaver, Editor Index and Baptist, Atlanta, Ga.
W. A. Hemphill & Co., Proprietors Atlanta Constitution.
Infirmary on the corner of Collin and Baker streets. Office at Infirmary.
Bills for professional services, cash or its equivalent.
Persons writing on business will please inclose postage stamp.
For circulars, apply to DR. W. A. HOOTEN, or REV. J. F. HOOTEN, Atlanta, Ga.
june19-d3m

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.
A. J. Orme's Property.
I WILL sell, upon the premises, commencing at 4 o'clock precisely, on the 12th day of July Three 4 room Houses and Thirteen Vacant Lots.
This property is in the 4th Ward, corner of Calhoun and Harris streets, and running back to Butler. Ten of these lots are North of Harris, and the remainder on the South side. Nos. 14, 15 and 16 each has a nice well constructed 4-room House, with hall, verandah, etc., all well enclosed, and with very superior garden spots. These houses command permanent rent-paying tenants. They are convenient to business, in a healthy locality, with fine water and good neighborhood. Capitalists desiring to invest, or parties wanting homes, are requested to call for a plat and examine the property. It will be sold with perfect titles, and without reserve for what it will bring, as is all that Mr. Orme offers. I shall have refreshments of all sorts, and fine hacks out and in. Strangers and Members of the Legislature, and all business men, who want homes convenient to business in the 4th Ward, will please attend the sale.
Terms—Half cash; half 1st November, with interest. Possession given 1st August.
G. W. ADAIR, Real Estate Agent, No 38 Alabama street.
june28-td

THE KENNESAW HOUSE, MARIETTA, GEORGIA,
HAS ample rooms for the accommodation of families. A large Verandah has just been added, together with other improvements, making it the most pleasant summer resort in the land. Hops will be given and amusements provided for. FLETCHER & FREYER.
june29-dtf

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.
Mrs. Doonan's Property.
I WILL SELL, upon the premises at 5 o'clock in the evening, on Friday, the 1st day of July,
SIX VACANT LOTS,
On corner of Magazine and Mangham streets, very near the Round House, and Northeast of Taylor's Hill. Property in this part of the city is rapidly enhancing in value. It is healthy, has good water, and is near the shops and manufactories on the State Road.
Mechanics and Laboring Men,
Who want convenient, nice lots for homes, should examine the ground and attend the sale. Will have a good time generally.
Terms—One-half cash; balance in 60 and 90 days, with interest.
Also, at the same time, on the premises, within 200 hundred yards of the celebrated Mineral Spring,
FOUR LOTS,
as per plat. Two lots, 50 by 150, fronting on Elliot street. Upon No. 2 there is a comfortable three room house that always rents well.
Lots 3 and 4 front on a street thirty feet wide, adjoining the Western line of the Mineral Spring lot.
This is central, first-rate property, for all parties connected with the Railroad Depot, Workshops, etc.
Terms—One half cash; balance in 60 and 90 days, with interest.
G. W. ADAIR, Real Estate Agent, 38 Alabama street.
june28-d2t

For Rent, BASEMENTS, STORES AND OFFICES —IN— H. I. Kimball's New Hotel.
I AM now prepared to lease, until the 1st of October, 1871, to approved tenants, the Basement, Store and Office Rooms in the magnificent new Hotel now being erected in the center of the city.
I have, in my office, a drawing showing all the rooms. Will have four stores on Decatur street; eight on Pryor, and four on Railroad street; four Basements and sixteen offices on Railroad street. The stores will be heated by steam, and furnished with air, light, gas, water-closets, and every convenience known in modern improvements.
Every room will be finished in the most elegant style, to suit the business of the occupant.
Call at once and secure your place for business.
G. W. ADAIR, Real Estate Agent, 38 Alabama street.
june28-d3t

DISSOLUTION.
THE Copartnership heretofore existing between Wm. D. Fain, John N. Fain, and George W. Parrott, under the firm name of Fain & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. John N. Fain having sold his interest to Wm. D. Fain. Either one of the partners are authorized to sign the firm name in liquidation. All parties indebted to the late firm, are requested to settle at once. Wm. D. Fain and Geo. W. Parrott will settle all claims against the late firm.
WM. D. FAIN,
JOHN N. FAIN,
GEO. W. PARROTT.

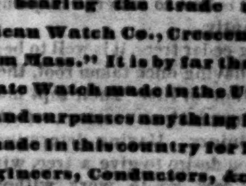
New Firm.
WM. D. FAIN & GEO. W. PARROTT will continue the Wholesale Grocery and Commission business at the old stand of Fain & Co., 41 Peachtree street, under the firm name of
FAIN & PARROTT.
WM. D. FAIN,
GEO. W. PARROTT.
Atlanta, Ga., June 21, 1870. je26-d1w

A Few Days Longer.
THE Tax Digest of Fulton County will remain open for a few days longer. Many tax-payers have as yet made no returns. All such are requested to do so without delay, or they will certainly be returned as defaulters and double taxed.
SAMUEL GRUBB, Receiver Tax Returns, Fulton County.
june24-d[illegible]

Partner Wanted.
A PRACTICAL Printer, skilled in the Printing and Publishing Business, who has an outfit for a JOB OFFICE, Hand and Machine Presses, etc., desires to form a Copartnership with some agreeable party who can furnish $500 Capital for the publication of a newspaper at some eligible point in North or Middle Georgia. Address, "JOB PRINTER," Appeal Office, Cuthbert, Ga.
june21-d1w

WALTHAM WATCHES!
THE extensive use of these Watches for the last fifteen years by Railway Conductors, Engineers, and Expressmen, the most exacting of watch-wearers, has thoroughly demonstrated the strength, steadiness, durability and accuracy of the Waltham Watch. To satisfy that class in all these respects, is to decide the question as to the real value of these time-keepers.
More than 500,000 of these watches are now speaking for themselves in the pockets of the people—a proof and a guarantee of their superiority over all others.
The superior organization and great extent of the Company's Works at Waltham, enable them to produce watches at a price which renders competition futile, and those who buy any other watch merely pay from 25 to 50 per cent. more for their watches than is necessary.
We are now selling Waltham Watches at less prices in greenbacks, than the gold prices before the war. There is no other manufacture of any kind in the United States of which this can be said.
These time-pieces combine every improvement that a long experience has proved of real practical use. Having had the refusal of nearly every invention in watch-making originating in this country or in Europe, only those were finally adopted which severe testing by the most skillful artisans in our works, and long use on the part of the public, demonstrated to be essential to correct and enduring time-keeping.
Among the many improvements we would particularize:
The invention and use of a centre-pinion of peculiar construction, to prevent damage to the train by the breakage of main springs, is original with the American Watch Company, who, having had the refusal of all other contrivances, adopted Fogg's Patent pinion as being the best and faultless.
Hardened and tempered hair springs, now universally admitted by watchmakers to be the best, are used in all grades of Waltham Watches.
All Waltham Watches have dust-proof caps protecting the movement from dust and lessening the necessity of the frequent cleaning necessary in other watches.
Our new patent stem-winder, or keyless watch, is already a decided success, and a great improvement on any stem winding watch in the American market, and by far the cheapest watch of its quality now offered to the public. To those living in portions of the United States where watchmakers do not abound, watches with the above mentioned improvements, which tend to insure accuracy, cleanliness, durability and convenience, must prove invaluable.
Every watch guaranteed by the Company.
To prevent imposition, buyers should see that every watch should bear either of the following trade marks:
American Watch Co .... Waltham, Mass.
Amn Watch Co .... Waltham, Mass.
American Watch Co., Crescent St .... Waltham, Mass.
Appleton, Tracy & Co .... Waltham, Mass.
Waltham Watch Co .... Waltham, Mass.
P. S. Bartlett .... Waltham, Mass.
Wm. Ellery .... Waltham, Mass.
Home Watch Co .... Boston, Mass.
For sale at retail by all respectable dealers.
A descriptive circular giving much useful information sent to any address on application.
No watches retailed by the Company.
Address,
Robbins & Appleton, GENERAL AGENTS, 182 Broadway, New York.
Ask to see the new Full-Plate Watch, bearing the trade mark "American Watch Co., Crescent st., Waltham Mass." It is by far the best Full-Plate Watch made in the United States, and surpasses anything heretofore made in this country for Railway Engineers, Conductors, &c.
apr28-deod&w[illegible]

Copyright secured.



TRADE MARK

ARGYLE BITTERS.
THE superiority of the above named article over any other Bitters is now admitted in every instance where a comparison has been made. The Proprietors most respectfully inform the public that the high reputation they have so justly acquired has been on their intrinsic merits alone. The ingredients used, in point of purity, excellence and medicinal qualities, can not be surpassed, imparting a richness and delicacy of flavor heretofore unequaled by any combination of medicines having any claim for the relief of the following complaints, for which the
ARGYLE BITTERS
are especially recommended, viz:
Dyspepsia, Indigestion,
Diseases of the Stomach,
Nervousness, Jaundice,
Billious Complaints,
Costiveness, Cramps,
Flatulency, Griping Pains,
Heartburn, Liver Complaint,
Loss of Appetite,
Lowness of Spirits or Melancholy,
Pains in the Side or Back,
Sick and Nervous Headache,
Etc., Etc.
All the virtues of the true CALISAYA BARK are to be found in the ARGYLE BITTERS, making them the best Appetizer and gentle Tonic in all cases of General Debility and Derangement of the Stomach and Digestive Organs, that it is possible to produce.
Being mild in effect and pleasant to the taste, they are especially recommended to delicate females as a gentle soothing and invigorating tonic.
The following important Certificate from Dr. I. L. Crawcour, an eminent Chemist and Physician of this city, speaks so favorably of the Argyle Bitters, we deem it superfluous to add anything further:
201 CAMP STREET, NEW ORLEANS, September 1, 1869.
Messrs. Wheelock, Finlay & Co.:
GENTLEMEN—I have carefully examined your Argyle Bitters, and from my knowledge of their ingredients can safely recommend them as a good and reliable tonic and especially as a corrective of that morbid desire which so frequently afflicts those addicted to the use of ardent spirits. The chief ingredients being the best Calisaya Bark, renders them peculiarly fitted for the use of those residing in malarious districts, as they will not only act as a preventive against intermittent disease, but in a large number of cases may cure it when it has made its appearance.
I. L. CRAWCOUR, M. D., Prof. of Principles and Practice of Medicine, N. O. School of Medicine.
E. B. WHEELOCK, Sole Proprietor.
WHEELOCK, FINLAY & CO., Wholesale Agents, New Orleans.
For sale by L. H. BRADFIELD, and Dealers generally.

DISCOVERED AT LAST!
NO MORE CHILLS AND FEVER!
DR. F. WILHOFT'S Anti-Periodic or Fever and Ague Tonic
Is GUARANTEED by the Proprietors a safe, certain, speedy and effectual cure for Fever and Ague, Dumb Chills, Congestive Chills, Bilious Remittent Fever, and all Malarious Diseases.
[illegible] contains no poison, either vegetable or mineral. The sale of this article in the Southern States is immense. It has the indorsement of the Physicians of our city and is in use in the [illegible] Hospital. A single bottle is all that is required to effect a permanent cure, and it has never yet been known to fail. On the proper proofs being rendered to us, we will refund the price paid if it fails to cure.
WHEELOCK, FINLAY & CO., Sole Proprietors, New Orleans, La.
For sale by L. H. BRADFIELD and Druggists generally.

A RARE GOOD CHANCE TO INVEST MONEY.
AN old established, well paying business, composed of Millinery Materials, Fancy Goods, [illegible] Trimmings, Notions, etc., etc., for sale in Atlanta. Address W. S. L., Atlanta, Ga.
june28-[illegible]

The Daily Constitution.

Atlanta, Georgia, June 30, 1870.

Index to New Advertisements.

Tallulah Engine House—G. W. Adair.
Sixteen Handsome Building Lots—Wallace & Fowler.
Wheat Wanted—T. L. Wells.
Baling Stuff—James Todd & Co.
Henry County Sheriff's Sales—Willis Goodwin.
Lightning Rods—A. C. Ladd.
Wanted to Hire—J. H. James.

WALLACE & FOWLER will sell 16 handsome building lots this afternoon. See advertisement.

CHIEF ENGINEER SAGE, of the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railway Company, left for Charlotte, North Carolina, last night.

A HAIL-STORM on Monday evening, in the vicinity of Lithonia, injured to some extent cotton, corn and oats.

FRESH FISH.—Parsons, Born & Co. are daily receiving supplies of fresh fish from the coast on ice. Nothing better can be had on the table this season of the year.

THE Second Market House was sold yesterday afternoon for $7,250, and was purchased by the Jewish Congregation here with a view to convert it into a synagogue.

MARCUS A. BELL made his debut yesterday evening as an auctioneer, by crying the Second Market House. His effort was marked by success, and he knocked down the house at a pretty good figure. The bell told well.

THE closing exercises of the school of the Rev. H. Bokum, corner of Broad and Marietta streets, will take place this afternoon, at 4 o'clock. The public are invited.

A YOUNG gent on McDonough, "out on the carpet," exhibited to us yesterday, evidence of his skill in gardening, in the shape of a fine ear of green corn. He says he had been feasting on green corn of his own raising for several days.

T. L. WELLS wants to purchase 10,000 bushels of wheat. Mr. Wells is one of our largest grain merchants, making grain a specialty, and upon this subject he is good authority, well posted. He is an energetic and reliable business man. Bring in your wheat and get the greenbacks for it.

MASONIC.—A called communication of Fulton Lodge, No. 216, F. A. M., will be held this evening at 7½ o'clock. M. W. Samuel Lawrence, Grand Master, will be present and deliver an important lecture. All Master Masons in good standing are respectfully invited to attend.

THERE was perfect jam at DeGive's Opera House last night. Some disappointment was felt on account of the non-arrival of General A. H. Colquit, (detained at home by sickness,) and Bishop Pierce. Colonel Wright, of Columbus, Rev. W. C. Dunlop, and Rev. W. A. Parks made stirring speeches, and the occasion passed off pleasantly enough.

THE Air-Line Convention adjourned yesterday evening, and the delegates returned home. Colonel B. Y. Sage was elected Chief Engineer and Superintendent; Colonel Larkin Smith, Auditor and Secretary; and E. W. Holland, Treasurer. The meeting was marked by enthusiasm and harmony.

WE learn that our esteemed friend, Col. J. Troup Lumpkin, the genial local editor of the Sun, has been appointed a member of the board of visitors of the Judson Female Institute at Marion, Ala. The appointment is an excellent one, for Colonel Lumpkin, by education and taste, is amply qualified to judge of the proficiency of pupils.

SUPREME COURT—*Evening Session.*—ATLANTA, GA., June 29, 1870.—No. 5, Tallapoosa, was continued because of the sickness of Judge Bigham and his son. It is George A. Worthy vs. Horatio G. Tate. Equity from Troup.

B. H. Bigham for plaintiff in error.

Langley & Harris, N. J. Hammond & Bro., for defendant.

The motion to enter upon the docket Ellis vs. Rachels, from Troup, and have it dismissed, was overruled upon the showing as to diligence made by counsel of Ellis, and the case stands for trial at the next term.

No. 1, Atlanta Circuit, is Pynant Easly vs. Joseph Camp. Motion to set aside judgment from Clayton.

Jas. F. Johnson, by M. M. Tidwell, for plaintiff in error.

Stewart & Peeples, by T. W. J. Hill, for defendant.

Pending opening argument Court adjourned till 10 o'clock, A. M., to-morrow.

GRIFFIN, GA., JUNE 29, 1870.—*Griffin Female College—Mercer University—Its Location, etc. Mr. Local:* This thriving and pleasant city is just now all agog with the commencement exercises of Griffin Female College, a flourishing institution, presided over by A. B. Niles, Esq., who has long been prominently connected with it in the capacity of teacher but whose fitness for the responsible position has induced the Trustees to place him at its head. Rev. W. A. Rogers, his predecessor, resigned at the close of the last session, and now has charge of a similar institution in Marietta, Georgia. The college here numbers about one hundred and twenty-five pupils. At no previous time of its history has it been in so prosperous a condition; the evidences of vitality are numerous and prominent, and if its friends and patrons have at any period entertained apprehensions in reference to its success, its present condition and prospects would certainly serve to dissipate them.

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees, a few days ago, the President reported the college free from debt—a gratifying condition that it has not before experienced for a number of years. Thus relieved from embarrassment, it is placed in attitude to multiply its facilities for imparting instruction and increasing its power for usefulness.

The first and second Sophomore classes, yesterday, contended for prizes in reading exercises. A committee of five awarded the same to the daughters of Bryant Skipper, Esq., and W. B. Fields, Esq., both of this city, they being deemed worthy of the distinction.

Last evening the assembly room at the college edifice was well filled with a refined and intelligent audience of both sexes to witness the exercises of the two literary societies, the Sigourney and Nightingale, which consisted in the drama, recitations, music, etc.

An appeal was made on behalf of these societies for contributions of money and books, with which to replenish their libraries, that had suffered much damage during the existence of the war. The audience responded liberally to the call.

The young ladies acquitted themselves with much credit, and contributed in a high degree to the pleasure and gratification of the audience. To-day the Commencement exercises come off, and will consist in the reading of essays by the graduating class, the conferring of degrees, and such addresses and ceremonies as are usual on such occasions.

The citizens of Griffin evince much concern as to the location of Mercer University in their midst, and are demonstrating the sincerity of their expressions by a tender of nine acres of beautiful grounds on which has been recently erected a large and very handsome structure, designed for educational purposes, and which is also proffered with the grounds. It required the joint action of the municipal authorities and the citizens to render this munificent tender complete and beyond any future contingency, or apprehension of trouble. This arrangement has been satisfactorily perfected, and now it only remains for the parties to offer to the trustees of Mercer University, property, the estimated value of which is some $30,000.

In addition to this liberal proposition, money to a considerable amount has been subscribed, and it is proposed [illegible] united subscription of property and money [illegible] aggregate and cost $80,000. So you see, Mr. Editor, that the intelligent and enterprising citizens of Griffin are keenly alive to the interest of their [illegible] prosperity as well as the intellectual culture of their children and the social and refined influences that usually result from great centres of learning. Griffin presents attractions for the University that cannot be ignored, and doubtless will be a formidable rival [illegible] Atlanta should com[illegible] dignity, and [illegible]

An American traveler in Italy has dumbfounded the Government by seriously proposing to lease Mount Vesuvius. He says he will make roads and lay out pleasure grounds upon its rocky sides, build hotels, and set up soda fountains on its summit, and help visitors up and down by machinery. To pay him for all this outlay, and amass a fortune besides, he will charge a small admission fee from all who wish to step up and see the show.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, June 29.—Cotton dull and nominal; sales 1,000 bales; middlings, uplands 20½. Flour dull and 10a20 lower; superfine State 5 10a5 30; common to fair 6 00a6 80. Wheat 3a4c lower; winter red and amber western 1 40a1 45. Corn 1a2c. lower. Beef steady. Pork lower at 29 50a29 75. Lard dull and lower; kettle 16a16¼. Whisky firmer at 1 00a1 03. Groceries quiet. Navals dull. Freights unchanged. Money easy. Exceptions at 2. Sterling 9⅞a10. Gold 11⅝a11⅞. Governments closed dull. Southerns steady—little doing.

Beef quiet; plain mess 11 00a15 00; extra beef 16 00a18 50. Tallow dull at 9¼a9¾; wool dull; domestic fleece 38½a55; pulled 37½a40; Texas 21a30; California 27a32; hides quiet and unchanged. Freights to Liverpool firmer. Money easy at 3a5; discounts unchanged. Exchange firm. Supply of Commercial bills continues light, closed 9⅞a10. Gold, during forenoon, firmer at 11⅞a11⅝, and during afternoon declined to 11¼; heavy sales by Canadian banks which frightened speculators, causing them to sell quite freely, rallied to 11⅛a12⅜. Governments opened strong and advanced, but less active in the afternoon, closing about ¼ off, with nothing doing, especially in 67's, but closed dull. 6's 81; coupons 17¾; 62's 11⅛; 64's 10¾; 5's 11¼; new 13⅜; 7's 13⅜; 68's 13⅞; 40's 74. Southern securities in the forenoon dull, but steady during the afternoon; firmer in Tennessees, closing quiet and steady with no change. Tennessees 66; new 64⅛; Virginias 67; Louisianas 77; new 72; Levee 6's 77¾; 8's 95; Alabama 8's 1 01; 5's 73; Georgia 6's 88; 7's 95½; North Carolinas 49; new 27; South Carolinas 90; new 82.

NEW ORLEANS, June 29.—Flour dull; superfine 5 50a5 75; double 6 00; treble 6 00. Corn mixed 95; white 1 00. Oats dull and lower at 62a63c. Bran 1 02. Hay 22 50. Pork 31 25a31 50. Bacon firmer; jobbing at 14, 17¼, 18¼a18½. Hams 22a22½. Whisky 1 00a1 10. Lard quiet; tierce 15⅛a16¾; keg 18½a19½. Sugar, prime 11⅛a11¾. Molasses 60a75. Coffee, prime 17⅛a17½. Sterling 22. Sight ⅛c premium. Gold 1 11⅛.

Cotton quiet and dull; middlings 19½; sales 1 800 bales; net receipts 525 bales; coastwise 85 bales; total 610 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,309 bales; to Havre 399 bales; stock on hand 72,014 bales.

GALVESTON, June 29.—Cotton dull; good ordinary 16⅜; sales 250 bales; receipts 140 bales; exports, coastwise, 120 bales; stock on hand 17,565 bales.

BALTIMORE, June 29.—Cotton nominal at 20¾. Flour dull and weak. Wheat dull and nominal. Corn active and more doing; white 1 15a1 18; yellow 1 05a1 07. Oats dull at 60a64. Provisions firm and unchanged. Whisky 1 03a1 04.

CINCINNATI, June 29.—Flour dull and lower; good and extra family 5 50a5 75. Corn dull and lower at 82a83; prime white shelled sold at 85. Whisky steady at 1 00. Pork held at 30 00. Bacon dull—small sales; shoulders 13½a13¾; packed sides held at 16¼a17½—no sales. Lard held at 16.

ST. LOUIS, June 29.—Flour dull and unchanged. Corn declining; mixed 85. Whisky firmer at 1 03. Pork dull at 29 75a30 00. Shoulders 13¾; clear rib sides 16¼.

MOBILE, June 29.—Cotton quiet; low middlings 17¾; sales 900 bales; receipts 15 bales; stock on hand 24,886 bales.

SAVANNAH, June 29.—Cotton good; middlings 18⅛; sales 800 bales; receipts 636 bales; exports, coastwise, 524 bales; stock on hand 12,910 bales.

CHARLESTON, June 29.—Cotton steady; middlings 18⅛; sales 200 bales; receipts 223 bales; exports, coastwise, 772 bales; stock on hand 5,038 bales.

NORFOLK, June 29.—Cotton dull; low middlings 18⅛; receipts 18; exports, coastwise, 109 bales; stock on hand 1,737 bales.

AUGUSTA, June 29.—Cotton quiet and prices easier, closing irregular; sales 205 bales; receipts 35 bales; middling 17⅛a17¾.

LIVERPOOL, June 29, evening.—Cotton quiet; Uplands 9⅞a10; Orleans 10⅛a10½; sales 8 00 bales; speculation 1,000 bales.

LONDON, June 29, evening.—Consols closed 92⅞. Bonds 90⅝.

FRANKFORT, June 29.—Bonds opened flat and unchanged.

PARIS, June 29.—Bourse closed firm. Rentes 72f. 57c.

Local and Business Notices.

50 GOOD New Whisky Barrels, for sale low by L. H. BRADFIELD.
june30-d2t

ATLANTA, JUNE 28, 1870.—My Friends and Patrons will please take notice that I have, at great expense, fitted up and just opened my Palace Jewelry Store, which will compete in style and finish with any store in the Southern States. I extend the right hand of fellowship to all, rich and poor, and am thankful for the kindness shown me by an appreciating public, which has enabled me to put up a store which will be an ornament to the Gate City.

I would also state I shall keep in future, as in the past, nothing but first-class goods, of the latest and most modern styles, and hope by strict attention to business, and correct and honorable dealing, to secure continued patronage from yourself and friends.

In future all branches of the business will be carried on, such as manufacturing Sterling Silver Ware, Wedding Rings, Hair Jewelry, Diamonds Re-set, Watch Repairing in all its branches. Jewelry Repaired in the best manner, and all charges reasonable.

Thanking you again for your kindness, and asking a continuance of your esteemed patronage, I remain, respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. SHARP, JR., Jeweler,
Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.
june30-d1w

DR. HEBERN CLAFLIN, office 696 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, successfully treats Cancers without knife, or serious pain, in the shortest time imaginable.
june1d&w1m

BUGGY FOR SALE.—An elegant open top buggy for sale. Apply to
W. G. WALKER,
No. 1, DeGive's Opera House,
june28-d1w Atlanta, Ga.

A SOVEREIGN Remedy, "Equine's."

USE Equine Remedies and be your own Doctor.

EQUINE Remedies are warranted.

BE wise and use Equine Remedies.

USE Equine Remedies and avoid mischief. june28-d1w

THE United States Hotel, Louisville, Ky., is only one block from the Court House.
june28-d1w

NEW FLOUR.—I am now receiving and grinding new wheat, and am making a superior Flour, which I offer low to the trade at the City Mills. J. E. BUTLER.
june28-d1w

WE wish to rent a lot within the city limits. Will take it on a lease with the privilege of purchasing. To a person owning a large tract, this is a fine opportunity to improve it, as we design erecting at once a steam Furniture manufactory.
RONDEAU & CO.,
june-26-dtf 15 Decatur street.

"HE bore it on, mid snow and ice,
A banner with this strange device,"
Buy your Furniture of
RONDEAU & CO.,
june26-d1w 15 Decatur street.

WE will offer the coming week our entire stock of New Furniture, at low prices.
RONDEAU & CO.,
june26-d1w 15 Decatur street.

FOR SALE—A GOOD INVESTMENT.—A new and complete Soda Water Apparatus, [illegible]'s Patent. W. A. LANSDELL,
[illegible]3-1w 19 Whitehall street.

[TO] THE AFFLICTED.—Have you Scrofula, [Ch]ronic Rheumatism, White Swellings, [Ul]cer, Tumors, Scald Head, Ringworm, [Pimp]les or Blotches on the face, any disease of the liver or skin, any old mercurial or syphilitic taint? Use COMPOUND EXTRACT OF STILLINGIA, and be restored to health and purity. Manufactured only by
PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.
[illegible]21-dtf

From the Norfolk Day Journal, Dec. [illegible]—Remarkable Medicine [illegible] fast gaining the confidence of the people and the [illegible] of the [illegible] given by practitioners of medicine, leaves no doubt that it is a safe and reliable remedy for impurity of the blood, liver disease, etc.

The last Medical Journal contains an article from Prof. E. Newton, M. D., President of the E. Medical College, city of New York, that speaks in high terms of its [illegible] and gives it the full [illegible] recommendation of Kose to the practitioners of medicine. This is, we believe, the first instance where such medicines have been officially endorsed by the Faculty as [illegible] of the medical [illegible] great credit upon the skill of Dr. Lawrence, the compounder, and at puts "Rose[illegible]" in [illegible] of all other medicines of the [illegible]

FALSE [illegible] LOOKS ON THE 'ORE-TOP!—Who ever saw the [illegible] on the hair by a natural [illegible] renewed in gray [illegible] distinguish [illegible] who can [illegible] out by Phalon's [illegible] or Shocks brought [illegible] Hair, from Nature's [illegible] No one. [illegible] for the it leaves no stain on skin, and mark, and transparent and has [illegible] clear [illegible] fancy
Sold by all druggists [illegible] dealers. june28-deod1ds

NIL DESPERANDUM, HOPE.—Hundreds of cases of Scrofula, in its worst stages, old cases of Syphilis that have defied the skill of eminent physicians, Rheumatics who have been sufferers for years, and the victims of the injudicious use of Mercury, have been radically cured by Dr. Tutt's Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight. It is the most powerful alterative and blood purifier known. It is prescribed by very many physicians. june2-d1w

A LARGE and fine assortment of Boots and Shoes for Ladies', Gents', Misses and Childrens' wear. Misses' and Childrens' colored Boots. Croquet and Maria Antoinette Slippers, all colors, at
G. H. & A. W. FORCE,
june28-d3t Whitehall street.

"A THING OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER."—What is it? Something prepared for women only, and to be used by women exclusively. It is adapted especially to cases where the womb is disordered, and will cure all *irregularities* of the "menses" or "monthly courses," by restoring the discharge in every instance whether acute or chronic. Where is it? Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator—Woman's Best Friend—is prepared and sold by L. H. Bradfield, Druggist, Atlanta, Ga., and may be bought for $1 50 per bottle at any respectable Drug House in the Union.
june21-dtf

CONSULT your welfare and read the advertisement headed "Bad Blood."
je5-d3m

Augusta, Ga., June 14.

McBride & Co.--Gents: Enclosed find $---, for the China I purchased of you last week. It came safely to hand --not a piece broken or scratched. All of our friends who have seen it are highly pleased, and think very pretty and very cheap. I hope soon to send you an order for duplicates.

Did not succeed so well at first with the "Eureka," but am gradually getting at the idea of proper proportions of water and coffee. All who have tried the coffee think it a grand success, so far as the flavor and taste of the coffee is concerned. Will give it a fair trial.

Respectfully,
P. F. Campbell.

Cheapest and simplest Fruit Jar in the Market at McBride & Co.'s.
je16-dtf

LIVE MEN! Live Store! Living prices! We are still ahead of any store in the city in regard to stock and prices. New Furniture arriving every day. Call and examine before buying. RONDEAU & CO.,
june26-d1w 15 Decatur street.

QUESTION—Mrs. B., where can I fill this bill of Millinery and Dry Goods, etc.?

Answer—At Mrs. Frank's, Decatur street. You will find there a full assortment of Millinery, Fancy Dry Goods, Embroideries, Hosiery, Ladies' and Misses' Shoes and Bootees—in fact all you may call for, from a Paper of Pins to a Silk Dress. Her goods are of the latest styles, and very cheap.

UNIVERSAL LIFE INS. CO.

—NEW YORK—

The Original Joint-Stock Life Ins. Co. of the United States.

The business of this Company is EXCLUSIVELY confined to the Insurance of first class healthy lives.

THE DISTINCTIVE FEATURE

of the *Stock* system of Life Insurance, as opposed to the *Mutual*, is a low rate of premium for a stated sum insured, which is IMMEDIATE, SECURED and CERTAIN; in lieu of a high rate of premium with a promised dividend, which is DISTANT, CONTINGENT and UNCERTAIN; this so-called dividend being merely a return of a *portion* of the excessive and unnecessary premium charged in the first instance.

ILLUSTRATION.

Suppose that an individual aged thirty desires to devote $250 a year for the purpose of effecting an insurance on his life; this amount will immediately secure him in the UNIVERSAL, the sum of $11,751, payable on his decease. This sum, paid to a company charging the ordinary mutual rates, would secure him the sum of $8,474—difference, *immediately secured*, in favor of the UNIVERSAL, $3,277.

To illustrate the importance to the policy-holder of low premiums in more general terms, it may be stated that by a reduction of *twenty-five per cent.* in the rate of premium, the same amount of money will secure a policy *thirty-three and one-third per cent.* greater, and likewise that a reduction of twenty-five per cent. in the rate of premium is precisely equivalent to an *annual cash dividend of thirty three and one-third per cent. payable in advance*, or to a dividend of *forty-five per cent.* payable at the end of five years.

By the *Stock* plan the *full cash effect* of the premium is immediately secured to the insured, the Company taking all the risk. By the Mutual plan the full value in insurance of the premium paid, is not secured to the policy-holder, who takes a portion of the risk himself.

THE PREMIUMS

charged by the Universal are as low as the actual experience of insured life in this country will justify, and on the ordinary Life and Ten-Year Non-forfeiture policies are nearly one-third lower than those charged by the majority of Mutual Companies.

Special attention is asked to our "*Return Premium Plan*," by which the amount of the policy is secured simply by the temporary deposit of the annual premiums, which are *returned* in full, together with the amount assured, to the holder of the policy when it shall become a claim upon the Company. Also to the

"REDUCTION OF PREMIUM PLAN,"

by which a reduction of *one-third* is made in the premium after the first annual payment, being, in fact, equivalent to a *dividend* of [illegible] per cent. A clause is inserted in the policies issued by the "Universal," in which these results are distinctly *specified and guaranteed.*

Full General Agents Commissions paid to good, live solicitors. Local Agents wanted in every town and county. Address

J. W. SHACKLEFORD,
Manager Southern Department,
Atlanta, Georgia.

WM. M. SHACKLEFORD,
Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

COMMONWEALTH LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

178 Broadway, New York.

OFFICERS.

F. E. MORSE, Secretary. JOHN PIERPONT, President.
J. B. PEARSON, Vice President.

SPECIAL FEATURES:

[illegible] issued by the Commonwealth are incontestable from date of issue, and are free from restrictions. It permits [illegible]
All Policies are non-forfeitable [illegible] without extra charge.
Dividends are declared annually [illegible] in the profits of the Company unless otherwise specified, available on payment of the next annual premium [illegible]
DR. GEO. G. CRAWFORD, Medical Examiner.
[illegible] Managers Southern Department, [illegible] in force a full year, and are [illegible]
☞ Liberal inducements to Agents and Solicitors.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Howard Insurance Company of New York.

Cash Capital $500,000; Surplus, $275,470 61; Total, $775,470 61.

CHARTERED IN 1825.

THEO. KEELER, Secretary, SAM'L T. SKIDMORE, President.
WM. R. SKIDMORE, Assistant Secretary. HENRY A. OAKLEY, Vice Pres.

Virginia Home Insurance Company.

Invested Capital, $200,000; $30,000 State Bonds Deposited with Comptroller of the State of Georgia.

DAVID J. BURR, Secretary. D. I. HARTSOOK, President.

Buildings, Merchandise and Furniture insured against loss or damage by fire, in the above reliable Companies, on the most favorable terms. Loses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

G. I. THOMAS & SON, Agents, No. 32 Whitehall St.
june1-d3m

HOWELL GANO & CO.,
Hardware Merchants,
138 WALNUT STREET. CINCINNATI.

HARDWARE, CUTLERY AND GUNS.
HOWELL GANO & CO.
138 Walnut Street, - - - - - Cincinnati, Ohio.
apr17-deod2m

P. DODD. G. T. DODD. W. J. TANNER

P. & G. T. DODD & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Provision Dealers,

CORNER WHITEHALL AND MITCHELL STS., ATLANTA, GA.

WE have now on hand a large and well selected Stock of Family Groceries, consisting in part of Coffees, Sugars, Bacon, Lard, Flour, Molasses and Syrup. Mackerel in Barrels, Half Barrels and Kits. Also, a Fresh lot

DRUM FISH AND LAKE SHAD.

We have a Large Stock of all Grades Flour, among which is Stewart & Austin's F. F. F.—F. F, and Family, all of which we offer to the Trade

CHEAP FOR CASH.
may22-d3m

New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

COME TO ATLANTA!

H. K. SHACKLEFORD,

Wholesale Liquor Dealer,

NO. 8, SOUTH BROAD, - - - ATLANTA, GA.

Sole Agent for J. F. Tobias & Co.'s

Fine Wines, Brandies, Whiskies, Gins, Etc.

WILL duplicate any bill of pure PROOF LIQUORS bought in any of the above mentioned markets. Call and examine my stock before purchasing. Being

THE BEST AND PUREST LIQUORS IN THE SOUTH,

They Are also the Cheapest.

Orders from Dealers throughout Georgia and Alabama promptly filled.
apr16-d3m

THE SECOND VOLUME OF

A.H.STEPHENS

GREAT History of the War is now ready. Agents wanted. Send for circulars, with terms and a full description of the work. Address National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa., Atlanta, Ga., or St. Louis, Mo. june9 d1m

A Good Place to Stop.

NEWNAN, GEORGIA, a city of 3,000 inhabitants, over 50 good business houses, ships 5,000 bales of Cotton and has a first-class Hotel, KEPT BY WM. HAMMIT, AND MRS. E. WOOTON.
☞ Enquire fo the NEW BRICK.
mar21-d1y

J. W. GAUT,

Produce and Commission MERCHANT,

Knoxville, - - Tennessee.

PURCHASES ON ORDER Wheat, Corn, Oats, Hay, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Dried Fruit, Feathers, etc., etc.

Refers to all the principal merchants in Georgia. J. W. GAUT.
june16-d3m

HAVING FITTED UP A FIRST-CLASS

Machine Shop,

IN KNOXVILLE,

We are prepared to make to order

Sash, Blinds, Doors,

—AND—

MOLDING,

In the best style and at prices to suit the times.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED and shipped to any point on the different railroads leading out of Knoxville.

TARWATER & AMBROSE,
june18-d3m Knoxville, Tennessee.

Lime! Lime! Lime!

CHOICE WHITE LIME by barrel or car loads. Also, Produce of all kinds.

For sale by CHARLES F. BENSON,
Commission Merchant,
june18-dtf No. 15 North Forsyth Street.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

Residence Lot on Cain Street, Near Peachtree.

I WILL SELL, upon the premises, at 10 o'clock in the morning precisely, on Friday, the first day of July, A BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE LOT on East Cain street, between Ivy and Collins streets. This lot fronts North and is within four minutes walk of the Post office, is one of the best neighborhoods of the city. It is high and dry, with good water. Parties wanting a nice Residence lot, convenient to business, on the north side of the Railroad, should examine this lot and attend the sale.

Terms—One-half cash; balance in 4 and 8 months, with interest. G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate Agent,
june29-d2t 30 Alabama street.

PRETZFELDER & LAUER,

NO. 46,

Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga

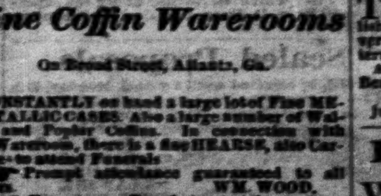
WOULD respectfully call the attention of their Friends, and the Public, to their Large Stock of Dry Goods, which they have just received, consisting of

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,
JAPANESE SILKS AND POPLINS,
GRENADINES, MOZAMBIQUES,
IRON GRENADINES and BERAGES
BLACK AND COLORED ALPACAS,
TARLETANS, ORGANDIES,
MARSEILLES, PICQUES, ETC

ALSO,

A Fine Stock of Oil Cloths, Mattings, Table Linens, Towels, Napkins, etc., which they will offer at greatly reduced prices, making it to the interest of the Purchaser to call and examine their Stock.

No. 46, Whitehall Street.
may4-d3m



Fine Coffin Warerooms

On Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

CONSTANTLY on hand a large lot of Fine METALLIC CASES. Also a large number of Walnut and Poplar Coffins. In connection with the Wareroom, there is a fine HEARSE, also Carriages to attend Funerals.

☞ Prompt attendance guaranteed to all orders. WM. WOOD,
june6-d1y Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

SHOWMEN WOULD DO WELL TO GIVE THE CONSTITUTION office a call before going elsewhere to have their Printing done.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD—E. B. BLODGETT, Superintendent; A. L. HARRIS, Master of Transportation.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7 [illegible] P. M.
Arrive at Chattanooga	3 [illegible] A. M.
Leave Chattanooga	7 [illegible] P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	4 [illegible] A. M.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8 15 A. M.
Arrive at Chattanooga	4 20 P. M.
Leave Chattanooga	7 10 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	[illegible] P. M.

CARTERSVILLE ACCOMMODATION.

Leave Atlanta	3 30 P. M.
Arrive at Cartersville	8 11 P. M.
Leave Cartersville	[illegible] A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	9 [illegible] A. M.

ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD—87 miles—Fare, —— per mile—JOHN P. KING, President; L. P. GRANT, Superintendent; R. M. FARRAR, Agent at Atlanta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8:15 A. M.
Arrive at West Point	12:33 P. M.
Leave West Point	[illegible] P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	5:28 P. M.

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	3:00 P. M.
Arrive at West Point	10:45 P. M.
Leave West Point	3:00 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	10:[illegible] A. M.

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, AUGUSTA, [illegible] 1870.—On and after Sunday, 15th instant, the Passenger Trains on the Georgia Railroad will run as follows:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.
(Sunday Excepted.)

Leave Augusta	7.15 A. M.
Leave Atlanta	7.00 A. M.
Arrive at Augusta	5.45 P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	7.10 P. M.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	9 50 P. M.
Leave Atlanta	5.45 P. M.
Arrive at Augusta	4.00 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	8.00 A. M.

S. K. JOHNSON, Supt.

☞ Atlanta, Athens, Madison, Covington and Greensboro' papers copy. may14-dtf

MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD.—103 miles—Fare, five cents per mile—A. J. WHITE, President; M. R. CLARKE, Agent at Atlanta; H. W. BRONSON, Master Transportation; W. A. FULLER, General Ticket Agent.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.35 A. M.
Arrive at Macon	1.40 P. M.
Leave Macon	7.55 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	2.10 P. M.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.15 P. M.
Arrive at Macon	3.33 A. M.
Leave Macon	8.30 P. M.
Arrive in Atlanta	4.45 A. M.

GRAND MASONIC FESTIVAL AT GRIFFIN,

Wednesday, July 6, 1870.

TWO SPACIOUS HALLS ENGAGED,

IN one of which a BALL will be given, under the management of Prof. GEORGE F. McDONALD.

☞ Captain White, President of the Macon and Western and Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama Railroads, will give FREE TRANSPORTATION to all ladies from a distance, who attend, and furnish the gentlemen at HALF FARE. Special trains will be run for the convenience of visitors.

☞ Two splendid Bands have been engaged for the occasion. ☞ A FINE SUPPER will be furnished under the superintendence of the Good Samaritan Society.

☞ Now is the time to visit the beautiful city of Griffin.

☞ The object of this Festival is pleasure first, and secondly, to pay off the indebtedness of the Lodge for a New Hall, just completed. Masons and their friends are especially expected.

☞ Price of Tickets, $2 50.

By order of
COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENT.
June 26, 1870—dtd

The Celebrated Home Shuttle.

$25. $37.

THE best for family use and every kind of work. Has the latest improved attachments, and is warranted for five years.

The Best and Cheapest Lock-Stitch Machine in the city.

Mrs. M. L. WHEELER, Agent,
may18-deodly No. 68 Whitehall Street.

SEASON, 1870.

MONTVALE SPRINGS,

Blount County, East Tennessee.

THIS favorite Summer Resort for the invalid and pleasure-seeker will be open for the reception of visitors, JUNE 1st, 1870.

The most marked beneficial results attending the use of these waters, in functional derangements of the Liver, Bowels, Kidneys and skin, and the cure of Chronic Diseases, attest the Medical Properties of these Waters.

Situated at the base of the Chilhowee Mountains, it presents the strongest attractions to both the invalid and the pleasure seeker, no less on account of its pure invigorating atmosphere and the beauty of the surrounding scenery, than of the Restorative Powers of its waters.

Such provision has been made for the Comfort of visitors, that the Proprietor confidently promises satisfaction to his guests.

Daily Coaches, with mail and passengers, run between Maryville, the terminus of the Railroad from Knoxville, and the Springs, distant nine miles, over good roads.

Board per day $2 50; per week $16 00; per month, $60 00.

Address, for descriptive pamphlets,
JOS. L. KING, Proprietor,
june15-d3m Knoxville, Tennessee.

L. B. DAVIS, Esq., Agent

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE Insurance Company,

ATLANTA.......................GEORGIA.

DEAR SIR—I am in receipt of your favor conveying Sight Draft on the Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company of New York, signed by General J. E. Johnston, General Agent, for Three Thousand Dollars, in full for the loss which occurred to my property, known as the Cowart House, on Decatur street, Atlanta. The draft for $3,000 was for the amount, in full, at sight. No time claimed and no deduction for the sixty days interest usually charged.

Respectfully yours,
G. H. CAMP,
june28-d5t Greensboro, Georgia.

ICE.

To Our Numerous Patrons

—AND—

The Citizens of Atlanta.

WE are established in the Ice business, and intend to keep it for sale, but do not intend any longer to sell at less than cost. Our prices, from this date, will be as follows:

Ice per lb. at No. 1 Granite Block........ 3 cents
Ice per lb. in less quantities than 10 lbs. 3½ "
Packing and delivery on cars.............25 cents
Tickets for sale to families.
Office hours from 5 A. M. to 7 P. M.
Sundays from 6 A. M. to 9; from 12½ to 2 P. M.; also from 6 to 7 P. M.
june26-d1w PARSONS, BORN & CO.

JOHNSON HOUSE,

By Mrs. Dr. Johnson,

Kingston, Georgia.
june23-dtf

Chattahoochee House,

WEST POINT, GA.

THIS well known Railroad Dinner House has recently undergone thorough repairs, and the Proprietor is now better prepared to accommodate his guests than formerly.

☞ The Bar is supplied with the choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

may22-dtf W. L. WILLIAMS.

FOR SALE.

THE one-fifth interest of the late L. D. Lallerstedt in the Printing and Publishing Establishment of the Augusta Constitutionalist. This very valuable interest can be had on reasonable terms for cash.

Apply to Mrs. A. F. Lallerstedt, Executrix, Berzelia, Ga., or her Attorney at Law,
JAMES S. HOOK,
june23-deow2w Augusta, Ga.

Railroad Contractors

WHO can command labor in large or small squads, can get remunerative contracts by immediate application to
J. L. PENN[illegible]
President E. A. [illegible]
june24-d1w

MERCHANDISE TO EXCHANGE FOR REAL ESTATE.

$5,000 TO $15,000 worth of New Goods in original packages. Dress Goods, [illegible] in good [illegible] for good [illegible] in Atlanta or Rome [illegible] Cash prices. Address
EXCHANGE BOX 124,
june8-dtf Atlanta P. O.

Carpets and Curtains.

OIL CLOTHS AND MATTINGS,
WINDOW SHADES AND CORNICES,
RUGS, MATS, ETC., ETC.

Closing out our Immense Stock at a vast reduction in price. S. S. KENDRICK & SON,
june8-dtf Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

DOOLEY'S BAKING POWDER

[illegible] wholesome [illegible] superiority not only over other [illegible] but over the common methods of raising dough, for making light, sweet and nutritious Biscuit, Rolls, Corn Bread, Buckwheat, and other griddle cakes, and Cakes and Pastry of every variety. Put up in tin, just weight, as represented.

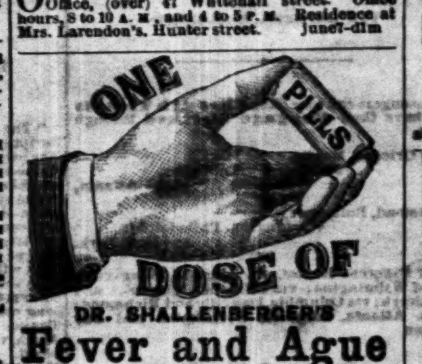
For sale by Grocers throughout the United States.

Manufactured by
DOOLEY & BROTHER, Proprietors,
69 New Street, New York.
may3-d7wtues-thur-sat

P. F. SCHLEY, M. D.,

HOMEOPATHIST,

OFFERS his services to the citizens of Atlanta. Office, (over) 47 Whitehall street. Office hours, 8 to 10 A. M., and 4 to 5 P. M. Residence at Mrs. Larendon's, Hunter street. june7-d1m



DR. SHALLENBERGER'S

Fever and Ague ANTIDOTE

Always Stops the Chills.

This Medicine has been before the Public fifteen years, and is still ahead of all other known remedies. It does not purge, does not sicken the stomach, is perfectly safe in any dose and under all circumstances, and is the only Medicine that will

CURE IMMEDIATELY

and permanently every form of Fever and Ague, because it is a perfect Antidote to Malaria.

Sold by all Druggists.
nov12-d&w1y

BARRETT'S

HAIR RESTORATIVE.

ALL AROUND THE WORLD!

THE FIRST PREMIUM OF A SILVER MEDAL WAS AWARDED TO BARRETT'S HAIR RESTORATIVE By the N. H. State Agricultural Society, at its Fair, holden in Nashua, Sept. 20, 1866.

BARRETT'S

Vegetable Hair Restorative

Restores Gray Hair to its natural color. Promotes the growth of the Hair. Changes the roots to their original organic action. Eradicates Dandruff and Humors. Prevents Hair falling out. Is a Superior Dressing. It contains no injurious ingredients, and is the most popular and reliable article throughout the East, West, North and South.

This Preparation surpasses all others of its class as a Hair Renewer.

It is thorough in its action upon Gray or Faded Hair and its effect permanent.

It produces but one distinct shade, while others leave the hair in many varied colors.

It promotes growth when others fail to reproduce a single hair.

It does not crisp or dry the hair, but leaves it moist and glossy.

Ladies find it superior to any other as a Toilet Dressing.

The ingredients used in this Preparation are the very best that can be found, and are as harmless as water.

LORD & SMITH, Proprietors,
Chicago, Ills.

REDWINE & FOX,

WHOLESALE AGENTS,

And for Sale by all Druggists.
feb23-deowly

I. T. BANKS

Invites Attention

TO his largely increased stock of Boots and Shoes of the finer quality for the retail trade. A new supply of E. C. Burt's

PARIS EXPOSITION

Prize Medal

Button and Laced Polish Boots for Ladies and Misses. These are undoubtedly the best goods made in the

WORLD,

And no lady is considered well dressed without them. We allow no one to excel us in variety, quality, quantity or cheapness of price for goods at Retail or Wholesale. You are always sure of the best and cheapest when you buy of

I. T. BANKS,

66 Whitehall Street.
may3- [sep18]

Warehouse and Commission BUSINESS.

THE undersigned will continue the WAREHOUSE AND COMMISSION BUSINESS at the Warehouse, corner of Hunter and Pryor Streets, formerly occupied by McDaniel, Strong & Co., and respectfully solicits a continuance of the business of former patrons and the public generally. P. E. McDANIEL.
Atlanta, June 18, 1870—d1m

C. J. FELL & BRO.

ESTABLISHED 1784.

120 SO. FRONT ST., PHILADELPHIA, & 86 CALVERT ST., BALTIMORE, & Cor. MICHIGAN AV. & S. WATER ST., CHICAGO.

Believing the first-class trade of this country will support the manufacture of a higher grade of spices than have heretofore been found outside of European markets, we have perfected arrangements for giving such goods to the public. We shall keep constantly in stock, selections from the choicest goods in our line to be found in any foreign market, which, when ground, shall be ABSOLUTELY PURE.
feb22-d&w6m

ATLANTA, GA., JUNE 27TH, 1870.

BY mutual consent the Copartnership heretofore existing between E. E. Sasseen and George Johnson is this day dissolved. George Johnson to pay all outstanding debts, and collect all accounts due the firm. Those owing will please come forward and settle at once, as the outstanding debts must be paid immediately.

Respectfully,
E. E. SASSEEN,
GEORGE JOHNSON.

In continuing as sole Proprietor, I hope all old friends will continue their custom, and that new customers will find it to their advantage to patronize the Hotel. It shall be my constant endeavor to study their comfort and merit their esteem.
GEORGE JOHNSON.

ROSADALIS!

THE Great American Health Restorer, purifies the blood and cures Scrofula, Syphilis, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Diseases of Women, and all Chronic Affections of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys. Recommended by the Medical Faculty and many thousands of our best citizens.

Read the testimony of Physicians and patients who have used Rosadalis; send for our Rosadalis Guide to Health Book, or Almanac for this year, which we publish for gratuitous distribution; it will give you much valuable information.

Dr. R. W. Carr, of Baltimore, says:

I take pleasure in recommending your Rosadalis as a very powerful alterative. I have seen it used in two cases with happy results—one in a case of secondary syphilis, in which the patient pronounced himself cured after having taken five bottles of your medicine. The other is a case of Scrofula of long standing, which is rapidly improving under its use, and the indications are that the patient will soon recover. I have carefully examined the formula by which your Rosadalis is made, and find it an excellent compound of alterative ingredients.

Dr. Sparks, of Nicholasville, Ky., says he has used Rosadalis in cases of Scrofula and Secondary Syphilis with satisfactory results—as a cleaner of the Blood I know no better remedy.

[illegible] Murfreesboro', Tenn., says:

I have used seven bottles of Rosadalis, and am entirely cured of Rheumatism; send me four bottles, as I wish it for my brother, who has scrofulous sore eyes.

Benjamin Bechtol, of Lima, Ohio, writes: I have suffered for twenty years with an inveterate eruption over my whole body; a short time since I purchased a bottle of Rosadalis and it effected a perfect cure.

Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists.

Laboratory, 61 Exchange Place, Baltimore.

DR. CLEMENTS & CO.,
Proprietors.

L. H. BRADFIELD,
Wholesale Agent, Atlanta, Ga., sells Rosadalis at Proprietors rates. may 1-d1y

For Pure Water, use this celebrated Pump, entirely tasteless, durable and reliable; equal to the good old-fashioned wooden Pump, and costing less than half the money. Easily arranged so as to be non-freezing, and in construction so simple that any one can put it up and keep it in repair.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PUMP NOW MADE.

HUBBELL & CAPRON'S

PATENT

TURBINE WATER-WHEEL.

THE GREATEST IMPROVEMENT OF THE DAY. Gives more power, with less water, than any wheel in the market. Twenty-Four inch Wheel, $300.

Send for illustrated Pamphlet for 1870.

Manufactory, LONG POND MILLS; Post-office address, ORE HILL, CONN.

New York Office, 21 Cortlandt Street.
may5-d3m HUBBELL, CAPRON & CO.

SWEET QUININE

IS A RECENT IMPROVEMENT.

Replaces the use of the Bitter Sulphate Quinine, with which all are familiar.

Dose for dose, it is

WARRANTED

Fully Equal in Every Way to Bitter Quinine,

And like it, is the one

Great, Positive, and Unfailing CURE

FOR ALL DISEASES OF MALARIOUS ORIGIN.

Fever and Ague,
Intermittent Fever,
Chill Fever,
Remittent Fever,
Bilious Fever,
Dumb Ague.

And the long train of disorders following these when neglected.

SWEET QUININE

is made solely from PERUVIAN BARK (so is Bitter Quinine,) therefore is of Vegetable origin, and not a Mineral Poison, but on the contrary is proved to be one of the elements found in the blood of all healthy persons.

SWEET QUININE

acts as an antidote to, as well as a cure for malarial or miasmatic poison, the absorption of which by the lungs causes Intermittent Fevers, etc. The only advantage claimed for

SWEET QUININE

over the use of old Bitter Quinine is the entire absence of that intense, persistent bitterness, which in the latter is an insurmountable obstacle to its use with most persons, and always with children.

SWEET QUININE

is in two forms—in Powder, for the use of Physicians and Druggists, and Fluid, for use in the family and for the general public.

Stearns, Farr & Co.,
Manufacturing Chemists,
New York.
may14-d3m

Beersheba Springs.

THIS Celebrated Watering Place and beautiful Summer Resort, situated on the summit of Cumberland Mountain, in Grundy county, Tenn., will be opened for the reception of visitors, on the 10th of June, by

MRS. NICHOLSON,

of the Nicholson House, Nashville, Tenn. The Hotel, Cabins, Ball and Billiard Rooms, Bowling Alleys, etc., have been newly fitted up and furnished in the best style. A good Band of Music will be in attendance the whole season.

Persons leaving Nashville, Chattanooga, or Huntsville on the morning train, via Tullahoma and McMinnville, reach the Springs the same day.

A daily line of good Coaches will run between McMinnville and the Springs.

Board per day	$ 3 00
Board per week	17 00
Board per month	60 00

Special rates for Families. june1-d1m

Mrs. Marian Spahr,

MITCHELL STREET, between Pryor and Loyd, Atlanta, Ga. All kinds of Artificial and Ornamental Hair Work, executed to order at short notice. Braids, Curls, Chignons, etc., always on hand, or made to order. Old Chignons renovated and changed to suit the present fashion. Human hair bought at highest market price. All work executed promptly, and as cheap as it could be done in New York. june1-deod[illegible]

East Alabama Female College,

TUSKEGEE, ALABAMA.

THE 17th Annual Session begins in the [illegible] October, and continues forty weeks. [illegible] Professors, assisted by competent ladies, compose the Faculty. The University System of Schools having been substituted for the College Curriculum, young ladies may now direct their studies and graduate in each department separately. Buildings thoroughly repaired; new Pianos; new Chapel Organ; new Furniture; good Board and tried Educators are some of the advantages offered.

The College has ample accommodations for 200 girls; average annual attendance 135. Annual expenses range from $170 to $300, according to the number of schools entered.

For Circulars, address,
R. H. RAWLINGS, M. A., President.
june1-d&w6m

GUNNY BAGGING, BAGS, Etc.

THE Undersigned, Importers and Manufacturers of Bagging and Bags, offer for sale in lots to suit purchasers,

300 Bales Borneo Bagging, to arrive per "Cadwallader Castle."
250 Bales Borneo Bagging, to arrive per "[illegible] Hall."
500 Bales Standard India, [illegible] Hall." [illegible]

The Daily Constitution.

Agents for the Constitution.

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AMONG THE BIRDIES AT TORCH HILL.

I built a nest among the birds,
Now, many a May ago;
And I have heard a many a word
They sang, by building so.

And, times, when care has holiday,
And twilight tases the trees,
We meet by way of grand display,
In lyrics like to theose.

A birdie tells of dimpled dells
That blushed in far-off springs;
And all the throat of April thrills
With rapture while she sings.

A birdie coos of light and shade
The summer brought our nest;
Of violets born and lilies laid
So peacefully to rest.

A birdie warbles: Day's decline
Restores the dawn's caress;
And woman blends the summer's wine
With April's tenderness.

A birdie says: The bitter days
May blow till they expire;
The winds but raise our altar-blaze,
And lift our censer higher.

The birdies sing: The bright shells bring
The soul-song of the sea;
Encasing us close, and we will sing
Thy life's own chant to thee!

F. O. TICKNOR.

THE STATE UNIVERSITY.

The Senior Class—Eloquent Speeches of Nisbet and Wills—A Magnificent Collation—The Moot Court—Sam. Hoyle.

(Correspondence of The Atlanta Constitution.)

ATHENS, June 27, 1870.

The last week has been an unusually busy one in College. The seniors have been engaged with their final examinations, which closed on Friday last. A new feature was inaugurated on the occason. At 1 o'clock the class proceeded to the Chancellor's room, "with clean shirts and prepared to receive company," where they found assembled the faculty, a part of the trustees, and the examining committee appointed by the State. After the choir had sung a hymn, the Chancellor introduced Hon. J. A. Nisbet, of Macon, a member of the examining board. Mr. Nisbet, in a few chaste and beautiful remarks, laid before the class the abundant advantages they had enjoyed, and impressed upon them that their life-battle had just commenced. He advised them, as many as possible, on account of the crowded state of the professions, to become champions of science, art and manufactures. Rev. Dr. David Wills, President of Oglethorpe College, followed Mr. Nisbet, congratulating the young men on the success of their college career, the manifest proficiency they had attained, as shown by their final examination, assuring them that in the report of the examining board, the sentence should certainly be incorporated, that "Georgia might well be proud of the class of 1870."

[Having heretofore published the list of honors awarded, we omit them.]

When Dr. Wills had concluded, the choir sang a beautiful hymn to the tune of "Home Sweet Home," written for the occasion by the Chancellor—after which, the examining committee, the faculty, the trustees, and the ladies, in company with the class, were invited to the mathematical hall, where they found a splendid collation prepared for them. Shades of departed bread trees and honey fountains! O, ye dainty lovers of the dear things of life! Could ye have heard the jingling of forks and the rattling of spoons—could ye have seen the firm-set eyes, the resolute jaws of those seniors—and, above all, could ye have watched the rapidity with which ice-cream, lemonade, fruit-cake and raisins vanished through those portals of the inner man, vulgarly called "mouths," ye well might have appreciated the remark of that aspiring senior who, forgetting his accustomed dignity and solicitude, declared that on such an examination as this he would absolutely be willing to "bust."

So ended the connection of the present senior class with the officials of the University.

One of the most interesting features connected with the final week was the Moot Court, which met on Saturday, the 18th instant, before the examining committee. This court holds its sessions once every two weeks, for the benefit of the law students. Its officers are duly sworn, the juries also, as in the regular courts of the State. The cases which come up for discussion are generally such as have actually accurred in the State courts—the professor of law, designating by appointment a certain number of the class who manage the cases on each side. On the present occasion the case was one which had come before the courts of Richmond county since the war. It was brought by a widow Wright against the Georgia Railroad, the widow claiming $10,000 damages, on account of the death of her husband, who was killed by an accident on the road during the war. The case had been decided against the plaintiff in the Richmond Courts, and the decision had been sustained in the Supreme Court. The young men who represented the interest of the plaintiff on the occasion were Messrs. S. R. Hoyle, of Atlanta, and Ham. Yancey, of Athens, while Messrs. W. M. Finley, of Montgomery, Alabama, and H. B. Van Epps, managed for the defendant. Colonel W. S. Mitchell presided.

The argument made by the young men lasted from 9 A. M. till near 3 P. M., when the jury retired and in a short while brought in a verdict for the plaintiff, awarding her $7,500 damages.

The speeches on both sides were excellent, and did the young gentlemen infinite credit. Colonel M. declared that much more law had been evolved by them than had been brought forward in the original discussion. Your townsman, Mr. Hoyle, especially distinguished himself. In his argument he seemed to labor with some embarrassments from his manuscript, but afterwards, casting them aside, he made an argument which, for sound logic, strong common sense, and lawyer-like energy, has seldom been equaled in our hails. At its close, he was warmly congratulated by the professor and the assembled committee. He is a young man of fine talents, and destined to achieve no small eminence in his profession, if the same spirit marks his efforts in the world which has characterized his efforts here.

Mr. Epps, also, is a young man well marked for the laurels of life. His speech, on that occasion, was a paragon of excellence, clear and logical thought.

The [illegible] Yancey and Finley also acquitted themselves with great distinction, [illegible] flattering compliments of the gaining [illegible] and the admiration of the audience. [illegible] wish I had room to notice their [illegible] in detail.

[illegible] the final week was one of ex- [illegible] to all present.

VISITOR.

[illegible] commencement sermon, by [illegible] at the college chapel last Sunday [illegible] replete with wisdom, thrilling in eloquence [illegible] rich in the expression of thought [illegible] impart vigor, strength and [illegible] Christian in his pilgrimage through [illegible] was listened to with great attention by [illegible] of the largest congregations [illegible] ever had on such occasions. [illegible] the evening at the Presbyterian [illegible] powerful and at-

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Of the Road, there are attached to all night trains the FAR FAMED
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There are on sale at reduced rates, for the summer season, TICKETS to
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THE GREAT REPUTATION
Which KOSKOO has attained in all parts of country
AS A GREAT AND GOOD MEDICINE
And the Large Numbers of Testimonials
of the which are constantly [illegible] REMARKABLE cures
AS A BLOOD PURIFIER,
IT HAS NO EQUAL,
BEING POSITIVELY
The Most Powerful Vegetable Alterative Yet Discovered.

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

"The life of the flesh is in the Blood," is a Scriptural maxim that science proves to be true. The people talk of bad blood, as the cause of many diseases, and like many popular opinions, this of bad blood is founded in truth.

The symptoms of bad blood are usually quite plain—bad digestion—causes imperfect nutrition, and consequently the circulation is feeble, the soft tissues loose their tone and elasticity, and the tongue becomes pale, broad, and frequently covered with a pasty, white coat. This condition soon shows itself in roughness of the skin, then in ERUPTIVE and ULCERATIVE diseases, and when long continued, results in serious lesions of the brain, Liver, Lungs, or kidney apparatus. Much, very much, suffering is caused by impure blood. It is estimated by some that one-fifth of the human family are effected with scrofula in some form.

When the Blood is pure, you are not so liable to any disease. Many impurities of the Blood arise from impure diseases of large cities. Eradicate every impurity from the fountain of life, and good spirits, fair skin and vital strength will return to you.

KOSKOO,

AS A
Liver Invigorator!
STANDS UNRIVALLED.
Being the only KNOWN Medicine
that EFFICIENTLY stimulates and CORRECTS the hepatic secretions and functional DERANGEMENTS of the LIVER, WITHOUT DEBILITATING the system. While it acts freely upon the Liver instead of copious purging, it gradually changes the discharges to a perfectly natural state.

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER COMPLAINT AND OF SOME OF THOSE DISEASES PRODUCED BY IT.

A sallow or yellow color of the skin, or yellowish-brown spots on the face and other parts of the body; dulness and drowsiness, sometimes, headache; bitter or bad taste in the mouth, internal heat, in many cases a dry, teasing cough; unsteady appetite; sometimes sour stomach, with a raising of the food; a bloated or full feeling about the stomach and sides; aggravating pains in the side, back, or breast, and about the shoulders; constipation of the bowels; piles, flatulence, coldness of the extremities, etc.

KOSKOO!

Is a remedy of Wonderful Efficacy in the cure of diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. In these Affections it is as near a specific as any remedy can be. It does its work kindly, silently, and surely. The Relief which it affords is both certain and perceptible.

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

Persons unacquainted with the structure and functions of the Kidneys can not estimate the importance of their healthy action.

Regular and sufficient action of the Kidneys is as important, say, even more so, than regularity of the bowels. The Kidneys remove from the Blood those effete matters which, if permitted to remain, would speedily destroy life. A total suspension of the urinary discharges will occasion death from thirty-six to forty-eight hours.

When the Urine is voided in small quantities at the time, or when there is a disposition to Urinate more frequently than natural, or when the Urine is high colored or scalding, with weakness in the small of the back, it should not be trifled with or delayed, but Koskoo should be taken at once to remedy the difficulty, before a lesion of the organs takes place. Most of the diseases of the Bladder originate from those of the Kidneys, the Urine being imperfectly secreted in the Kidneys, prove irritating to the Bladder and Urinary passages. When we recollect that medicine never reaches the Kidneys through the general circulation of the Blood, we see how necessary it is to keep the Fountain of Life Pure.

KOSKOO!

Meets with GREAT SUCCESS in the CURE of
DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM,

Almost nine-tenths of our people suffer from nervous exhaustion, and are, therefore, liable to its concomitant evils of mental depression, confused ideas, softening of the brain, insanity, and complete breaking down of the general health. Thousands are suffering to-day with broken-down nervous systems, and, unfortunately, tobacco, alcohol, late hours, over-work (mental and physical), are causing diseases of the nervous system to increase at a fearful rate.

The symptoms to which diseases of the nervous system give rise, may be stated as follows:

A dull, heavy feeling in the head, sometimes more or less severe pain or headache; Periodical Headache, Dizziness, Noises or Ringing in the Head; Confusion of Ideas; Temporary Loss of Memory; Delusion of Spirits; Starting during Sleep; Bad Dreams; Hesitation in Answering Questions; Dullness of Hearing; Twitching of the Face and Arms, etc., which, if not promptly treated, lead to Paralysis, Delirium, Insanity, Impotency, Apoplexy, etc., etc.

KOSKOO

Is NOT a secret patent remedy. FORMULA around each bottle. Recommended by the best Physicians, eminent Divines, Editors, Druggists, Merchants, etc.

The Best and Most Popular Medicine in Use.

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ORGANIC CHEMIST,
Laboratory and Office, No. 6 Main Street,
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Price, ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.
Druggists Everywhere.

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Under National Hotel,
The Cheapest and Best Meals in the Market.
Fulton Market Steak,
Extra Family Pig Pork,
Spiced Pig's Feet,
English Breakfast Bacon,
Pickled White Shad,
Venison, Bologna Sausage.

T. W. SIMMONS,
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A other Fresh Lot Just Received
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T. W. SIMMONS,
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A Fresh Lot of Crackers:
Albert Biscuit,
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Lemon Snappets,
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Butter,
Ginger,
Pearl,
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Ginger Snaps,
All fresh and nice, and the best grades.

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CALL and examine my new crop Teas, just received per Steamer Cleveland, over the Pacific Railroad. The best grades Gunpowder, Oolong, Imperial, Young Hyson, English Breakfast and Japan Teas.

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FOR choice grades Coffee ask for Mocha, Old Government, Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffee. Nobody sells lower or better Coffee

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THE FINEST WINES:
SHERRY, Port, Claret, Blackberry, Scotch and English Ale, Fine Brandy, Choice Old Whiskies.

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PRICES REASONABLE.
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COTTON GINS made as good as new, at from one third to one-half the cost of a new Gin, and made equal to the best Gins manufactured in the United States.

Large Gins reduced to any required size.

None but the best and most experienced workmen, from the shop of the late Sam'l Griswold are employed, and all work guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. I keep a large supply of the different kinds of Ribs used by the several Gin-makers.

Refer to hundreds of planters in the counties of Wilkinson, Laurens, Twiggs, Pulaski, Houston, Bibb, Crawford, Monroe and Upson, among whom are the following: Wilkinson, M. J. Carswell; Laurens, Joel Cocey; Pulaski, James Bohannon, M. F. Gray; Houston, C. N. Hounsles, Rev. H. V. Tharp; Bibb, Pulaski Holt; Monroe, James Tripp; Upson, Rev. James Lyon; Crawford, David McGee, and to Hardeman & Sparks, of Macon.

Send in your Gins early, in order to give me time to fix them up right. P. C. SAWYER,
mar31-dawdm Dixie Works, Macon, Ga.

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SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS OFFERED
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OUR STOCK IS LARGE
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ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.
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DEALER in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Plated-ware, etc. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired in the best manner.
Fine Watch Repairing under the supervision of Mr. S. D. Dean, Practical Watchmaker.
june28-d1w

Sealed Proposals
WILL be received until 4 o'clock Monday, 27th inst., for doing brick work (per thousand) of Wesley Chapel Church. The Committee reserving the privilege of rejecting any or all bids. Plans and specifications can be seen at Dr. W. H. Parish's Office, Alabama street, over Georgia National Bank. Proposals can be handed to either
EZ LAWSHE,
ROBT. WINSHIP,
F. P. REES,
G. W. D. COOK,
JAMES C. DAVIS,
Building Committee.
june23-d1t

SOMETHING TO EAT FOR EVERYBODY
—AT—
Chapman, Rucker & Co.'s,
WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

Having Accepted the Agency for the Celebrated Graves' Mills Flour of
LEBANON, KENTUCKY,
We are now Prepared to Furnish to our Patrons any Kind and Quantity of Flour at
THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES!
WE ALSO KEEP ON HAND A LARGE SUPPLY OF
CORN, BACON, LARD, SUGARS, COFFEES, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, ETC.,
WHICH WE PROPOSE TO SELL
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may13-d3m

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General Commission Merchants,
IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS PRODUCE, LIQUORS, ETC.
Agents for the Sale of
LIME, GUANO, VIRGINIA LAND PLASTER & SALT
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HAVE NOW IN STORE, ON CONSIGNMENT:
59 casks Canvassed Hams,
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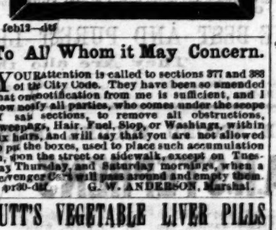
75 casks 1869 Salted Shoulders,
10 casks Dry Salted Joles,
20 casks Cl ar Bulk Sides,
Tennessee Bacon—assorted,
1,000 bushels Oats,
50 barrels Whisky—Corn,
10 barrels Whisky—Pure Rye,
25 barrels Pure Virginia Apple Brandy,
10 bales Cotton Yarns,
1,000 bags Corn,
1,000 bales Timothy Hay,
500 barrels Western Flour—assorted.

AGENTS FOR ROME MILLS FLOUR,
Of which we are daily receiving large quantities, fresh ground, in 24, 49 and 98 pound sacks.
AGENT FOR THE SALE OF LIME,
HOWARD KILNS AND "CHICKAMAUGA BIRD-EYE," received, fresh, every day, in good packages.

EARLY IRISH POTATOES,
Received daily, from Charleston, South Carolina.
We are offering the above at Low Figures.

A VALUABLE LOT, WITH COTTAGE AND OUTHOUSES,
On Peters Street, FOR SALE ON FAVORABLE TERMS.
STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.
june2-d 15



feb12—dtf

To All Whom it May Concern.
YOUR attention is called to sections 377 and 383 of the City Code. They have been so amended that constitution from me is sufficient, and I now notify all parties, who comes under the scope of said sections, to remove all obstructions, Sheppages, Hair, Fuel, Slop, of Washings, within six hours, And will say that you are not allowed to put the boxes, used to place such accumulation in, upon the street or sidewalk, except on Tuesday Thursday, and Saturday mornings, when a Scavenger Cart will pass around and empty them.
apr30-dtf G. W. ANDERSON, Marshal.

TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS
Cures diseases of the Liver and Stomach
Tutt's Expectorant,
A pleasant cure for Coughs, Colds, etc.
Tutt's Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight
The great Alterative and Blood Purifier.
Tutt's Improved Hair Dye,
Warranted the best dye in use.
These valuable preparations are for sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. june30-d1y

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AT GAINESVILLE, GA., FOR SALE.
THE HOUSE built and occupied by Haise Bowdry, deceased, a summer residence.
Any amount of Wood Land can be purchased, convenient.
Apply to E. A. COWER,
At Cartersville,
Or, R. V. COBB,
Gainesville, Ga.
N. B.—Some Valuable Mill Property for sale in the immediate vicinity of Gainesville. apr26-d1f

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Henry Banks & Son,
—DEALERS IN—
BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER,
SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS,
LASTS, PEGS, CALF-SKINS, ETC.,
No. 6, Cherokee Block,
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june4-dtm

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feb17-d1y

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OLD CAROLINA BITTERS.
ADELIGHTFUL TONIC
We take great pleasure in offering the
Old Carolina Bitters
to the public. They are compounded with great care, and contain some of the best Tonics in the Pharmacopia. As evidences of the superiority of our Bitters over all others, we have certificates from many of the leading physicians in our State, who have prescribed them in their practice.
THE OLD CAROLINA BITTERS
Will be found invaluable for
Want of Appetite,
General Debility,
Chills and Fever and Dyspepsia.
We do not offer our Bitters as a cure for all diseases, but as an Aromatic Tonic, they have no equal.
For sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. Principal Depot, GOODRICH, WINEMAN & CO., Importers of Choice Drugs and Chemicals, Charleston, S. C.

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Philadelphia Ornamental
IRON WORKS,
GARDEN AND CEMETERY ADORNMENTS,
CAST, WROUGHT IRON AND WIRE RAILINGS,
FOUNTAINS, VASES, VERANDAS,
Settees, Arbors, Chairs, Summer Houses,
IRON STAIRS,
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PATENT WIRE WORK,
Railings, Store Fronts, Door and Window Guards, Farm Fencing, etc.
BRONZE WORK.
Having fitted up our Foundry with special reference to the above class of work, we are now prepared to fill with promptness all orders for Bronze Castings of Statuary, cutlassi, Scrolls and life-size.
ORNAMENTAL IRON GOODS.
The largest assortment to be found in the United States, all of which are executed with the express view of pleasing the taste, while they combine all the requisites of beauty and substantial construction.
Purchasers may rely on having all articles carefully boxed and shipped to the place of destination.
Designs will be sent to those who wish to make a selection.
apr 5—dtm

1870. SPRING STOCK. 1870.

M. C. & J. F. KISER,
76 Whitehall Street,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS
Yankee Notions, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps and Straw Goods.

KEEP constantly on hand a large assortment in every department selected with great care, and bought at the lowest prices from Importers and Manufacturers, and which we are offering to the Trade at prices to correspond with the late decline in Gold.

Our WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT is up-stairs, and entirely separate from our Retail Departments, and we are prepared to offer great inducements to COUNTRY MERCHANTS, who are respectfully invited to examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

We are Agents for the Princeton Factory, Ga., and sell at Factory Prices. Their PREMIUM COTTON YARNS, first Premium awarded, State Fair, 1869; also, their Heavy Shirtings, Plaid Osnaburgs and Stripes.

Also, Sole Agents for Brown & Woodis' PREMIUM HOME-MADE SHIRT. These Shirts were awarded the highest Premiums at the State Fair, 1869, and the Silver Cups are here on exhibition. apr21-d3m

GEN. A. H. COLQUITT. JAMES BAGGS. H. H. COLQUITT.
COLQUITT & BAGGS,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
[illegible] Street, Savannah, Ga.
sep20-dtf

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MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS 116 pages.
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may14-d2m

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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
PUMPS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON,
Tinners' Findings, Stoves, Lamps, Hollow-Ware, Marbelized Slate Mantels at Factory Prices. Gas Fitting and Plumbing done to order.
KEY STONE BLOCK,
Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.
Agents for the celebrated "Charter Oak Stoves." feb13-d1y

MARVIN'S PATENT
Alum and Dry Plaster
Fire and Burglar
SAFES.
Will not corrode the iron, mould the contents, or lose their fire-proof qualities by age.
These are the only Safes filled with
ALUM AND DRY PLASTER!
Please send for an Illustrated Catalogue.
MARVIN & CO.,
No. 265, Broadway, N. Y.,
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feb1-d6m

Dr. W. G. DRAKE,
RESPECTFULLY offers his Professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity in the various branches of his Profession.
The Doctor has for more than ten years devoted the greater portion of his time to the study and treating of those diseases peculiar to females.
References—Dr. J. S. Pemberton and Col. W. H. Weems, Atlanta.
Office—Granite Block.
Office hours from 8 to 9 o'clock A. M., and from 3 to 6 o'clock, P. M.
Consulting room private.
Residence near the corner of Baker and Peach tree streets.
apr10— jan19-d1y

Bottoms Horse Power,
UNIVERSAL Tan Mills; Emery's Tanners' and Cleaners; Emery's Railway and Lever Powers; Excelsior and Buckeye Mowers and Reapers.
GRANT'S PAT. GRAIN CRADLES,
Armstrong's Hookers and Tine Catchers. The Arctic Refrigerators, Sorgo Machinery and Evaporators, Cider Presses, Wine Mills, Churns, Washing Machines, Horse Rakes, Dry Houses, etc.
MARK W. JOHNSON,
Dealer in Guano, Seeds, And Agricultural Implements,
june23-d1f Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE.
PROPOSALS for the erection of a New Church in Forsyth, for the Methodist Episcopal Church South, will now be received by the Building Committee.
Plans and specifications in detail may be seen in the office of Mr. D. R. Woodruff, the Architect in Macon, who will fully explain the plans and details to any one who may desire to take the contract. Further information may be had of either member of the Building Committee. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.
R. F. TRIPPE, Chairman,
F. A. KIMBALL,
C. A. KING,
T. H. STONE,
H. G. BEAN, Sec.
Forsyth, June 15, 1870.

RAILROAD HOTEL,
AT STONE MOUNTAIN,
W. C. HUMPHREYS, PROPRIETOR,
IS prepared to feed passengers on the Railroad, and the public generally, in good style. No pains will be spared to have the tables well furnished with the best the country can afford, fixed to suit the taste of the most fastidious. Being very close to the depot, it gives the passengers ample time to eat and not be hurried. jan9dtm

COAL!
OUR experience for the last four winters teaches us that the demand for Coal in the winter time is greater, (and will continue greater,) than the facility for transportation; therefore, we think it to the interest of consumers to lay in their supply this summer, as it saves trouble and high prices. We will deliver on the car, by the car load, SHAWANEE COAL, at the following prices:
Lump Coal..... 9c cents per bushel
Run of Mines..... 8½ " " "
Fine..... 7½ " " "
Orders left at Atlanta Ice House will be promptly filled. PELHAM & CO.
may17 d2m

Picture Frame Manufactory.
JAMES SANDERS,
Manufacturer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Oval and Square
PICTURE FRAMES
Pictures and Moldings,
LOOKING GLASSES,
—AND—
Looking Glass Plates.
CONSTANTLY on hand a full assortment of Oval Frames and Looking Glasses, suitable for Retail Trade.
Merchants and others visiting the city will please give us a call, as we are offering extra inducements in this line of goods.
Particular attention given to Framing.
97 Whitehall Street,
apr23-d2m Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE.
THE COMMITTEE appointed by the Legislature to investigate the financial condition, management, etc. of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, are now [illegible] daily session from 9 o'clock, A. M., until [illegible] P. M., at the Depot building of said road, [illegible] Committee can be found by parties, or their Counsel having business with said same.
Papers willing to do so are requested to publish this notice. WALKER BROCK,
Chairman Committee.
Atlanta, Ga., May 25, 1870—dtf

C. Edw. COPELAND,
(Successor of Hampton & Copeland)
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